### **BLUE FOLDER ITEM**

Blue folder items are additional back up material to administrative reports and/or public comments received after the printing and distribution of the agenda packet for receive and file.

### BUDGET & FINANCE COMMISSION MEETING FEBRUARY 11, 2021

#### J.2. FY 2020-21 MIDYEAR BUDGET REPORT

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

1. Discuss and possible action regarding FY 2020-21 Midyear Budget Report.

#### CONTACT:

MARNI RUHLAND, FINANCE DIRECTOR

#### ATTACHMENTS:

- Administrative Report



# Administrative Report

Commission Action Date: February 11, 2021

#### To: BUDGET AND FINANCE COMMISSION

From: MARNI RUHLAND, FINANCE DIRECTOR

Subject: MIDYEAR BUDGET REPORT

#### RECOMMENDATION

Discussion and Possible Action Regarding FY 2020-21 Midyear Budget Report

#### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In June, the City Council adopted the FY 2020-21 operating budget. The City Council adopted a balanced budget which allocates funding for the provision of core municipal service to the residents, businesses, and visitors of Redondo Beach.

This report reviews the City's budget and financial condition at the midyear point of FY 2020-21. Financial challenges from significant and continuing revenue losses as a result of the global pandemic (particularly in the recreation program and facility rental revenue categories) have led to a projected current fiscal year General Fund shortfall of \$1.4 million dollars.

Decision packages to bring the budget back in balance and to maintain the City's operational effectiveness and financial health are proposed for consideration. Additionally, Budget Response Reports are included as attachments for City Council's consideration and in anticipation of, or in direct response to, questions regarding the midyear budget. Finally, a status report on the Capital Improvement Program will be provided at the City Council meeting.

#### BACKGROUND

## Where are the revised estimated ending fund balance summaries shown with proposed midyear FY 2020-21 revenues and expenditures?

Attachment 1 provides details of the revised estimated ending fund balances as shown on the Proposed Midyear FY 2020-21 Summary that arise in consideration of Decision Packages, adjustments to appropriations, and adjustments to revenue projections.

#### What was the remaining amount of the General Fund balance at FY 2019-20 yearend after completing the June 30, 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that becomes the FY 2020-21 beginning fund balance?

The remaining General Fund balance was calculated as follows by <u>excluding</u> fund balance assignments made in November for fiscal year end 2019-20 which are not available to pay for FY 2020-21 expenditures.

- \$10,973,833 Total General Fund balance before assignments and transfers (June 30, 2020 ending fund balance)
  - -7,585,231 Committed fund balance for 8.33% General Fund reserve (contingency reserve required by the City Council's Financial Principles)
    - -23,262 Nonspendable fund balance for notes and loans (loans to employees for computer purchases pursuant to labor agreements)
    - -770,942 Fund balance assignment for compensated absences (provision for vacation cashouts upon retirement/termination funded at 30% of employee balances as of June 30, 2020)
    - -10,800 Fund balance assignment for petty cash (small cash funds held by departments for cash register change drawer or reimbursement of expenses in the amount of \$50 or less)

\$2,583,598 General Fund remaining fund balance

The remaining General Fund balance can also be calculated as follows by <u>including</u> fund balance assignments made in November for fiscal year end 2019-20 which are available to pay for FY 2020-21 expenditures.

\$704,067	Unassigned/unallocated fund balance (after all other fund balance assignments
84,435	Nonspendable fund balance (payments made in FY 2019-20 for FY 2020-21 expenditures)
1,292,166	Fund balance assignment for encumbrances (open purchase orders as of June 30, 2020 for contracted goods or services not yet received)
502,930	Fund balance assignment for carryovers (unspent FY 2019-20 funds to be used for FY 2020-21 departmental, donation, grant and capital improvement project expenditures)

\$2,583,598 General Fund remaining fund balance

The beginning fund balances of the other funds are calculated similarly with capital assets and net pension and OPEB liabilities excluded from those of the Enterprise and Internal Service Funds.

### What additional items adjust the beginning fund balances to their estimated ending fund balances?

In addition to the General Fund adopted revenues and transfers in and the adopted appropriations and transfers out, the following items adjust the beginning fund balance to the estimated ending fund balance.

\$2,583,598	General Fund beginning fund balance for FY 2020-21				
93,566,545	Adopted revenues and transfers in				
-93,566,545	Adopted appropriations and transfers out				
-1,292,166	Prior year encumbrances (finalized open purchase orders as of June 30, 2020 for which a fund balance assignment is included in the beginning fund balance – see above)				
-502,930	Carryover appropriations and transfers out (re-budgeted departmental carryover requests for which a fund balance assignment is included in the beginning fund balance – see above)				
-194,322	Other Council-approved appropriations and transfers out (budget modifications approved by City Council resolutions with a 4/5 affirmative vote during				

#### \$594,180 Estimated General Fund ending fund balance for FY 2020-21

The estimated ending fund balances of the other funds are calculated similarly.

### What midyear revenue adjustments to the estimated fund balances are recommended?

At this point in the fiscal year, staff has reviewed revenues received to date and revised the adopted revenue estimates as necessary. The revised revenue estimates are shown in Exhibit B with General Fund revenues anticipated to finish \$2.8 million lower than projected at budget adoption.

As projected in the first quarter budget update, revised tax revenue estimates reflect an increase from the adopted budget. The largest increase is from property tax which continues to remain strong, despite the pandemic. The same cannot be said for transient occupancy tax revenue estimates, which were drastically reduced at budget adoption and now must be revised even lower due to prolonged restrictions on travel and large gatherings.

The overall increase in general tax revenue projections however is unfortunately more than offset by significantly lower estimates for recreation facility and program related revenues. The impacts of the COVID-19 public health emergency have extended beyond projections reflected in the adopted budget. Current estimates for facility rental income and recreation users pay revenue now assume restrictions and closures through the end of the fiscal year. Those facilities and programs impacted include the Redondo Beach Performing Arts Center, the Aviation Gym and Sports Field, events catered by Spectrum Catering at Veterans Park, and various user pay recreation activities which in total reflect an anticipated revenue loss of \$3.2 million.

#### What midyear adjustments to appropriations are recommended?

The adjustments on the Midyear Adjustments to Appropriations schedule (Exhibit C) reflect the annual update to the internal service fund/overhead allocations (described in the Midyear Budget Response Report) as well as anticipated departmental maintenance and operations savings.

Midyear changes to the adopted budget are also considered by the City Council through supplemental requests called Decision Packages. Decision Packages can be related to policy, operational or financial matters. The following Decision Packages are recommended to address issues at midyear.

Decision Package #1. <u>Retiree Medical Insurance</u>. An increased appropriation is needed for the payment of rising retiree medical insurance premiums costs as well as an offsetting increased revenue estimate for the drawdown from the City's Internal Revenue Service Section 115 trust fund for other post-employment employment benefits (OPEB). Recommended is an ongoing appropriation and offsetting revenue estimate of \$200,000 to the General Fund.

Decision Package #2. <u>Personnel Adjustments</u>. As detailed in Budget Response Report #7, personnel adjustments are needed (primarily as a result of COVID-related restrictions and closures) to recognize savings from vacancies (both current and projected for the remainder of the fiscal year), adjustments for changes in vacation usage/cashout behaviors, full funding of 2021 employee health insurance cash in lieu payments due to MOU approved benefit modifications, and restoration of the Financial Services Department's Office Specialist III position as the expected retirement did not occur. Recommended is the personnel change, one-time reduced appropriations to the General Fund of \$1,142,378, one-time reduced appropriations to other funds of \$261,123, and one-time reduced revenue estimates to other funds of \$12,115.

Decision Package #3. <u>Fire Department Alerting System</u>. As a result of the new Mark 43 computer aided dispatch (CAD) system implementation, the Fire station alerting systems and relays must be replaced in order to ensure system interoperability with WestNet. The current alerting system has been in use beyond its recommended service life. Recommended is a one-time appropriation in the amount of \$100,000 to the Emergency Communications Fund in order to maintain this critical operational need.

Decision Package #4. <u>Fire Department SCBA Compressed Air Fill System</u>. During working fire responses, Redondo Beach firefighters don required self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) to protect responders from inhaling super-heated air, smoke and other toxic gases. Following each use, SCBAs are filled to appropriate pressures and are placed back in service for the next response. In order to fill these high-pressure devices, compressed air fill stations are required. The recommended replacement schedule for a compressed air fill system is 15 years. The Redondo Beach Fire Department fill station located on Support 62 has reached the end of its service life and can no longer meet operational needs. Recommended is a one-time Vehicle Replacement Fund appropriation in the amount of \$35,000 to replace a fixed replacement air fill station located at Fire Station 2.

Decision Package #5. <u>Solid Waste Fund Adjustment</u>. The Solid Waste Fund needs to be adjusted to account for the residential and household hazardous waste pass through payments. Residents are charged for refuse service on their property tax assessment and the City in turn pays Athens Services on a monthly basis. Each year the Solid Waste Fund is adjusted at budget time to account for the new approved solid waste rates. However, the count of the number of households is not always known before the budget is adopted. Therefore, in order to account for the increase in residential accounts, an increase to the maintenance agreement is needed. Recommended is an ongoing appropriation and offsetting revenue estimate of \$10,585 to the Solid Waste Fund.

Decision Package #6. <u>Torrance Boulevard Resurfacing</u>. The current Capital Improvement Program (CIP) includes the Torrance Boulevard Resurfacing Project from PCH to Prospect, Job No. 41230. Design plans for the project are currently at approximately 50 %. In order to complete improvements to the street in the most cost-effective manner and to maximize bicycle facility connectivity, staff recommends that the project be expanded to include the portion of Torrance Boulevard west of PCH including Torrance Circle. The requested funds are from a transportation restricted source and would allow the project design to move forward in full. Funds for additional construction costs would be included in the FY 2021-22 CIP and also come from transportation restricted sources. Recommended is a one-time appropriation of \$100,000 to the Proposition C Fund.

Decision Package #7. <u>Transit Vehicle Equipment</u>. City Council approved a Decision Package with the adoption of the FY 2020-21 budget for \$1,568,072 for the planned procurement of three fixed route Beach Cities Transit vehicles. This midyear decision package increases the amount of the funding by \$16,756 for an adjustment in the cost of the procurement. The Federal Transit Administration establishes "useful life/mileage" requirements of at least seven years for heavy-duty transit vehicles. The transit fleet capital plan requires annual purchases to replace vehicles that have or are approaching the maximum standards. New vehicles also improve public safety and have lower maintenance repair costs. Recommended is a one-time appropriation with an offsetting increased revenue estimate of \$13,405 to the Intergovernmental Grants Fund and a one-time appropriation of \$3,351 to the Transit Fund funded by a transfer of the same amount from the Proposition A Fund.

Decision Package #8. <u>Transfer from CalPERS Reserve Fund</u>. The City Council has established a reserve fund to help the City absorb its rapidly increasing employee pension costs and smooth year to year General Fund expenditure hikes. Proposed is a transfer of \$1,363,286 from the CalPERS Reserve Fund to the General Fund to balance the FY 2020-21 operating budget. It was anticipated that this transfer would be necessary at the close of FY 2019-20, but the greatest impacts of the pandemic are instead being felt during FY 2020-21. The balance remaining in the CalPERS Reserve Fund after this transfer will be \$5,209,021. Recommended is a one-time \$1,363,286 transfer from the CalPERS Reserve Fund to the General Fund.

### What is the resulting impact of revising the revenue estimates and funding the recommended Decision Packages at this time?

The FY 2020-21 General Fund revised estimated ending fund balance after revising the revenue estimates and funding the recommended Decision Packages would be as follows:

- \$594,180 General Fund estimated ending fund balance (excluding \$7,585,231 General Fund contingency)
- -2,802,901 Adjustments to revenue (impact of the revenue revisions as shown in Exhibit B)
  - -296,943 Adjustments to appropriations and transfers out (impact of appropriations and transfers out as shown in Exhibit C)
- 1,563,286 Decision Package adjustments to revenue and transfers in (impact of recommended revenue revisions included in Decision Packages #1 through #8)
  - 942,378 Decision Package adjustments to appropriations and transfers out (impact of recommended appropriation revisions included in Decision Packages #1 through #8)
    - General Fund revised estimated ending fund balance (excluding \$7,585,231 General Fund contingency)

### What is the resulting impact of revising the revenue estimates and funding the recommended Decision Packages at this time?

The FY 2020-21 General Fund revised estimated ending fund balance after revising the revenue estimates and funding the recommended Decision Packages would be as follows:

#### What is the status of preparation of the FY 2021-22 Budget?

Following completion of the midyear review of the current year budget, attention will turn immediately towards preparation of the FY 2021-22 Budget that takes effect July 1, 2021.

#### COORDINATION

All departments coordinated on this midyear budget review. The City Council will review the midyear budget report on February 16.

#### FISCAL IMPACT

The report describes the City's financial and budgetary situation at the midyear point of FY 2020-21.

Submitted by: *Marni Ruhland, Finance Director* 

Attachments:

- Attachment 1 FY 2020-21 Summary
- Exhibit A Council-Approved Appropriation Modifications
- Exhibit B Adjustments to Revenue
- Exhibit C Adjustments to Appropriations
- Midyear Budget Response Reports

Description	General	State Gas Tax	Storm Drain Improvement	St Landscaping/ Lighting	Local Transport Article 3	Measure M
Beginning Fund Balance	2,583,598 <sup>1</sup>	1,417,733	372,782	-	33	2,571,294
Adopted Revenues	88,711,978	3,022,851	50,000	1,558,600	46,714	1,000,261
Carry-over Revenues	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Council-Approved Revenues	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers In	4,854,567	60	-	999,875	-	-
Total Revenue	93,566,545	3,022,911	50,000	2,558,475	46,714	1,000,261
Adopted Appropriations	91,059,196	2,185,701	-	2,414,967	-	700,374
Prior Year Encumbrances	1,292,166	1,039,793	36,928	88,580	-	1,250,000
Carryover Appropriations	362,810	274,995	251,802	140,120	-	1,108,081
Other Council-Approved Appropriations (Exhibit A)	161,542	60	-	3,388	-	-
Transfers Out	2,680,249	-	-	-	-	-
Total Uses	95,555,963	3,500,549	288,730	2,647,055	-	3,058,455
Estimated Ending Fund Balance	594,180	940,095	134,052	(88,580)	46,747	513,100
Adjustments to Revenue (Exhibit B)	(2,802,901)	(231,185)	(48,000)	(10,600)	-	-
Adjustments to Appropriations (Exhibit C)	296,943	(1,871)	-	458	-	(374)
Adjustments to Revenue/Transfers In (Decision Pkgs)	1,563,286	-	-	(455)	-	-
Adjustments to Appropriations/Transfers Out (Decision Pkgs)	(942,378)	420	-	(455)	-	-
Revised Estimated Ending Fund Balance	-	710,361	86,052	(99,638)	46,747	513,474

<sup>1</sup> The General Fund beginning fund balance excludes the 8.33% minimum

contingency reserve set by the City Council.

Description	Prop A Local Trans Tax	Prop C Local Trans Tax	Measure R	Measure W	Air Quality Improvement	Intergovernmental Grants	Comm Develop Block Grant
Beginning Fund Balance	2,492,321	7,240,577	1,904,586	(553,575)	297,924	-	38,063
Adopted Revenues Carry-over Revenues	1,413,383 -	1,267,477	875,855 -	720,000	67,984 -	3,079,946 9,827,488	472,566 -
Other Council-Approved Revenues Transfers In	-	-	-	- 144	- 240	1,101,265 -	29,250
Total Revenue	1,413,383	1,267,477	875,855	720,144	68,224	14,008,699	501,816
Adopted Appropriations Prior Year Encumbrances	-	1,622,062 3,788,943	675,000 872,602	693,059 -	75,165 12,534	3,079,946 9,485,142	361,502 9,979
Carryover Appropriations Other Council-Approved Appropriations (Exhibit A) Transfers Out	75,000 - 2,702,272	2,354,384 -	897,894 -	110,496 144	185,600 240	9,827,488 1,101,265	- 29,250
Total Uses	2,792,272 2,867,272	7,765,389	2,445,496	803,699	273,539	23,493,841	400,731
Estimated Ending Fund Balance	1,038,432	742,665	334,945	(637,130)	92,609	(9,485,142)	139,148
Adjustments to Revenue (Exhibit B) Adjustments to Appropriations (Exhibit C)	-	- 89	-	- 6,183	- (172)	-	-
Adjustments to Revenue/Transfers In (Decision Pkgs) Adjustments to Appropriations/Transfers Out (Decision Pkgs)	- (8,309)	- 100,000	-	- 68	- 134	13,405 13,405	-
Revised Estimated Ending Fund Balance	1,046,741	642,576	334,945	(643,381)	92,647	(9,485,142)	139,148

<sup>1</sup> The General Fund beginning fund balance excludes the 8.33% minimum contingency reserve set by the City Council.

Description	Housing Authority	Parks/Rec Facilities	Narcotic Forfeiture/Seizure	Subdivision Park Trust	Disaster Recovery	CalPERS Reserve
Beginning Fund Balance	1,263,444	37,243	517,359	1,265,706	(325,010)	6,572,307
Adopted Revenues Carry-over Revenues	7,166,683	31,500	30,000	500,000	50,500 300,159	-
Other Council-Approved Revenues Transfers In	- 2,400	-	-	-	829,000	-
Total Revenue	7,169,083	31,500	30,000	500,000	1,179,659	-
Adopted Appropriations Prior Year Encumbrances	6,719,212 -	50,000 -	52,957 187,436	60,000 6,715	17,060 -	-
Carryover Appropriations Other Council-Approved Appropriations (Exhibit A) Transfers Out	- 2,400 -	-	128,201 - -	1,610,414 21,500 -	300,159 829,000 -	-
Total Uses	6,721,612	50,000	368,594	1,698,629	1,146,219	-
Estimated Ending Fund Balance	1,710,915	18,743	178,765	67,077	(291,570)	6,572,307
Adjustments to Revenue (Exhibit B) Adjustments to Appropriations (Exhibit C)	(398,383) 4,903	-	(10,000) -	-	-	-
Adjustments to Revenue/Transfers In (Decision Pkgs) Adjustments to Appropriations/Transfers Out (Decision Pkgs)	- (37,557)	-	-	-	-	- 1,363,286
Revised Estimated Ending Fund Balance	1,345,186	18,743	168,765	67,077	(291,570)	5,209,021

<sup>1</sup> The General Fund beginning fund balance excludes the 8.33% minimum

contingency reserve set by the City Council.

Description	Capital Projects	Major Facilities Reconstruction	Open Space Acquisition	Harbor Tidelands	Harbor Uplands	Solid Waste	Wastewater
Beginning Fund Balance	7,355,694	1,150,000	1,201,516	15,133,105	2,993,228	1,528,003	13,955,557
Adopted Revenues	477,262	-	-	5,330,880	4,717,300	5,099,848	5,876,765
Carry-over Revenues	-	-	-	-	-	69,770	-
Other Council-Approved Revenues	467,567	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers In	2,240,984			3,010	1,737	3,557	824
Total Revenue	3,185,813	-	-	5,333,890	4,719,037	5,173,175	5,877,589
Adopted Appropriations	2,893,953	-	175,000	6,807,717	4,215,631	5,463,875	6,521,493
Prior Year Encumbrances	1,763,069	-	-	1,612,139	247,095	90,454	975,354
Carryover Appropriations	3,455,067	-	-	5,900,932	559,773	69,770	6,996,163
Other Council-Approved Appropriations (Exhibit A)	468,551	-	-	3,113	1,637	3,557	823
Transfers Out	2,368,000	489,286	-	96,299	1,650,982	-	-
Total Uses	10,948,640	489,286	175,000	14,420,200	6,675,118	5,627,656	14,493,833
Estimated Ending Fund Balance	(407,133)	660,714	1,026,516	6,046,795	1,037,147	1,073,522	5,339,313
Adjustments to Revenue (Exhibit B)	-	-	72,632	(1,352,787)	(850,500)	(181,698)	(7,948)
Adjustments to Appropriations (Exhibit C)	-	-	-	(145,769)	206,059	(14,380)	51,250
Adjustments to Revenue/Transfers In (Decision Pkgs)	-	-	-	-	-	10,585	-
Adjustments to Appropriations/Transfers Out (Decision Pkgs)	-	-	-	(45,484)	(15,695)	(159,787)	12,382
Revised Estimated Ending Fund Balance	(407,133)	660,714	1,099,148	4,885,261	(3,717)	1,076,576	5,267,733

<sup>1</sup> The General Fund beginning fund balance excludes the 8.33% minimum

contingency reserve set by the City Council.

Description	Transit	Self-Insurance Program	Vehicle Replacement	Building Occupancy	Information Technology	Emergency Communications
Beginning Fund Balance	-	(10,484,466) <sup>2</sup>	8,262,696	2,354,875	2,423,200	2,935,593
Adopted Revenues	2,498,092	7,937,950	3,376,280	3,277,446	3,505,574	3,452,277
Carry-over Revenues Other Council-Approved Revenues	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers In	- 2,796,832	- 840	- 1,440	- 900	-	- 9,000
Total Revenue	5,294,924	7,938,790	3,377,720	3,278,346	3,505,574	3,461,277
Adopted Appropriations	5,290,364	6,591,840	2,700,052	3,157,861	4,540,525	2,865,310
Prior Year Encumbrances	258,952	-	926,105	15,409	294,956	51,230
Carryover Appropriations	-	5,093	272,096	-	550,000	-
Other Council-Approved Appropriations (Exhibit A)	4,560	840	81,843	900	(304)	24,000
Transfers Out	-		-	-	304	-
Total Uses	5,553,876	6,597,773	3,980,096	3,174,170	5,385,481	2,940,540
Estimated Ending Fund Balance	(258,952)	(9,143,449)	7,660,320	2,459,051	543,293	3,456,330
Adjustments to Revenue (Exhibit B)	-	264,474	(319,161)	230,400	(20,892)	755,470
Adjustments to Appropriations (Exhibit C)	22,100	7,907	46,865	22,356	21,653	(11,200)
Adjustments to Revenue/Transfers In (Decision Pkgs)	(8,309)	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments to Appropriations/Transfers Out (Decision Pkgs)	(8,309)	1,229	35,304	3,014	6,399	107,810
Revised Estimated Ending Fund Balance	(281,052)	(8,888,111)	7,258,990	2,664,081	494,349	4,115,190

<sup>1</sup> The General Fund beginning fund balance excludes the 8.33% minimum

contingency reserve set by the City Council.

Description	Major Facilities Repair	Successor Agency	Housing Successor Agency	Community Financing Authority	Total
Beginning Fund Balance	993,250	-	4,143,211	5,754,839	87,396,686
Adopted Revenues Carry-over Revenues Other Council-Approved Revenues Transfers In	91,543 - - -	1,428,995 - - -	359,650 - -	273,975 - - 2,468,077	157,770,135 10,197,417 2,427,082 13,384,487
Total Revenue	91,543	1,428,995	359,650	2,742,052	183,779,121
Adopted Appropriations Prior Year Encumbrances Carryover Appropriations Other Council-Approved Appropriations (Exhibit A) Transfers Out Total Uses	120,000 40,126 741,622 - - - 901,748	361,900 - - 1,067,095 1,428,995	280,500 - - - 280,500	1,924,957 - - 2,240,000 4,164,957	163,677,179 24,345,707 36,177,960 2,738,309 13,384,487 240,323,642
Estimated Ending Fund Balance	183,045	-	4,222,361	4,331,934	30,852,165
Adjustments to Revenue (Exhibit B) Adjustments to Appropriations (Exhibit C)	15,533 -	-	-	- 10,135	(4,895,546) 523,135
Adjustments to Revenue/Transfers In (Decision Pkgs) Adjustments to Appropriations/Transfers Out (Decision Pkgs)	-	-	-	-	1,578,512 425,477
Revised Estimated Ending Fund Balance	198,578	-	4,222,361	4,321,799	26,586,519

<sup>1</sup> The General Fund beginning fund balance excludes the 8.33% minimum contingency reserve set by the City Council.

#### **Council-Approved Appropriation Modifications**

Fund	ltem	Date of Council Action	Amount
General Fund	PSA MOU	01/12/21	\$ 38,759
General Fund	Management/Confidential Pay/Benefits Plan		\$
General Fund	RBCEA MOU		\$
			\$
State Gas Tax	PSA MOU	01/12/21	\$ 60 <sup>1</sup>
Street Landscaping and Lighting	PSA MOU	01/12/21	\$         2,831 <sup>1</sup>
Street Landscaping and Lighting	Management/Confidential Pay/Benefits Plan		\$ (43) <sup>1</sup>
Street Landscaping and Lighting	RBCEA MOU	01/12/21	\$ 600 <sup>1</sup>
		:	\$ 3,388
Measure W	PSA MOU	01/12/21	\$ 144
Air Quality Improvement	PSA MOU	01/12/21	\$ 120 <sup>1</sup>
Air Quality Improvement	RBCEA MOU	01/12/21	\$ <u>120</u> <sup>1</sup> \$240
		:	\$ 240
Intergovernmental Grants	West Basin Municipal Water District Water Bottle Filling Station Program		\$ 2,000 <sup>1</sup>
Intergovernmental Grants	Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant		\$ 3,510 <sup>1</sup>
Intergovernmental Grants	State Office of Traffic Safety Pedestrian and Bicycle Safety Program		\$ 55,000 <sup>1</sup>
Intergovernmental Grants	State Office of Traffic Safety Traffic Enforcement Program		\$ 108,000 <sup>1</sup>
Intergovernmental Grants	Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant		\$ 10,881 <sup>1</sup>
Intergovernmental Grants	Dept of Housing and Comm Dev Local Early Action Planning Grants Prog		\$ 300,000 <sup>1</sup>
Intergovernmental Grants	Community Development Block Grant CARES Act		621,874 <sup>1</sup> 1,101,265
Comm Dev Block Grant	Leasing of Apartments to House People Experiencing Homelessness	12/15/20	\$ 29,250 <sup>1</sup>
Housing Authority	PSA MOU	01/12/21	\$ 1,200
Housing Authority	RBCEA MOU		\$ 1,200
			\$ 2,400
Subdivision Park Trust	Bicycle Transportation Plan Implementation Project	10/06/20	\$ 21,500
Disaster Recovery	County CARES Act and Fourth District Homeless and Housing Funds	11/10/20	\$ 829,000 <sup>1</sup>
Capital Projects	Enhanced Watershed Management Plan Implementation Project	11/17/20	\$ 467,567 <sup>1</sup>
Capital Projects	PSA MOU	01/12/21	\$ 984 <sup>1</sup>
			\$ 468,551
Harbor Tidelands	PSA MOU		\$ 2,532 <sup>1</sup>
Harbor Tidelands	Management/Confidential Pay/Benefits Plan		\$ 324 <sup>1</sup>
Harbor Tidelands	RBCEA MOU	01/12/21	\$ <u>257</u> <sup>1</sup> \$3,113
Harbor Uplands	PSA MOU		\$ 1,200 <sup>1</sup>
Harbor Uplands	Management/Confidential Pay/Benefits Plan		\$ 540 <sup>1</sup>
Harbor Uplands	RBCEA MOU	01/12/21	\$ <u>(103)</u> <sup>1</sup> \$1,637
Solid Waste Solid Waste	PSA MOU Management/Confidential Bay/Reposits Plan		\$
	Management/Confidential Pay/Benefits Plan		· · ·
Solid Waste	RBCEA MOU	01/12/21	2,700 <sup>1</sup> 3,557
Wastewater	PSA MOU	01/12/21	\$ 2,085 <sup>1</sup>
Wastewater	Management/Confidential Pay/Benefits Plan		\$ (432) <sup>1</sup>
Wastewater	RBCEA MOU		• • •
			\$ <u>(830)</u> <sup>1</sup> \$823
Transit	PSA MOU	01/12/21	\$ 3,480
Transit	RBCEA MOU		\$ <u>1,080</u>
			\$ 4,560

#### **Council-Approved Appropriation Modifications**

Fund	Item	Date of Council Action		Amount
Self-Insurance Program	RBCEA MOU	01/12/21	\$	840 <sup>1</sup>
Vehicle Replacement Vehicle Replacement	Police Motorcycles PSA MOU	11/10/20 01/12/21	\$ \$ \$	80,403 1,440 <sup>1</sup> 81,843
Building Occupancy	PSA MOU	01/12/21	\$	900 <sup>1</sup>
Information Technology Information Technology Information Technology	PSA MOU Management/Confidential Pay/Benefits Plan RBCEA MOU	01/12/21 01/12/21 01/12/21	\$ \$ \$	1,579 (1,440) <sup>1</sup> (443) (304)
Emergency Communications Emergency Communications Emergency Communications	Platform - Mark 43 & World Advancement of Tech for EMS & Rescue PSA MOU RBCEA MOU	12/01/20 01/12/21 01/12/21	\$ \$ \$	15,000 1,800 7,200 24,000
	Total	:	\$	2,738,309

<sup>1</sup> Also included revenue/transfer in modifications in the same amount

#### City of Redondo Beach Mid Year Adjustments to Revenue

	Fiscal Year 2020 - 2021				
	Adopted 2020-21	Adjusted 2020-21	Increase (Decrease)		
<u>GENERAL FUND</u> Taxes:					
Property Tax	29,200,000	29,900,000	700,000		
Property Tax in Lieu of VLF	8,150,000	8,375,000	225,000		
Homeowners' Exemption	140,000	135,000	(5,000)		
Sales and Use Tax	9,340,000	9,450,000	110,000		
Public Safety Aug. Fund	810,000	810,000	-		
Utility Users' Tax	6,400,000	6,500,000	100,000		
Transient Occupancy Tax	2,850,000	2,700,000	(150,000)		
Franchise Fees	1,700,000	1,650,000	(50,000)		
Business License Tax	1,250,000	1,250,000	-		
Property Transfer Tax	2,500,000	2,500,000	-		
Sub-total	62,340,000	63,270,000	930,000		
Licenses and Permits:					
Construction/Excavation Permits	1,719,900	1,719,900	_		
Street/Curb/Parking Permits	66,250	66,250	_		
Misc. Licenses/Permits	82,159	65,254	(16,905)		
Sub-total	1,868,309	1,851,404	(16,905)		
Fines and Forfeitures:					
Parking Citations	1,125,000	1,075,000	(50,000)		
Vehicle Code Fines	95,000	118,480	23,480		
Restitution	7,500	1,000	(6,500)		
Sub-total	1,227,500	1,194,480	(33,020)		
Use of Money and Property:					
Investment Earnings	725,000	750,000	25,000		
Rents and Percentages	2,324,050	491,700	(1,832,350)		
Sub-total	3,049,050	1,241,700	(1,807,350)		
Intergovernmental:					
Motor Vehicle/In-Lieu	30,000	30,000	_		
SB90 State Mandated Cost Reimb.	30,000	30,000	-		
Other Intergovernmental Revenue	250,000	144,987	(105,013)		
Sub-total	310,000	204,987	(105,013)		

	Fisc	al Year 2020 - 2	2020 - 2021		
	Adopted 2020-21	Adjusted 2020-21	Increase (Decrease)		
Charges for Services:	( <del>-</del>				
Administrative Fees	187,000	21,000	(166,000)		
Parking Meter Fees	2,070,000	2,300,000	230,000		
Police Service Fees	292,000	251,480	(40,520)		
Fire Service Fees	642,750	642,500	(250)		
Library Book Fines and Fees	37,500	2,300	(35,200)		
Recreation Users Pay	1,935,000	535,100	(1,399,900)		
Planning Fees	398,225	398,225	-		
Building and Engineering Fees	2,217,530	2,172,530	(45,000)		
State Energy Fees	181,650	181,650	-		
Other Building Fees	208,550	235,000	26,450		
Public Works Fees	14,500	3,500	(11,000)		
Sub-total	8,184,705	6,743,285	(1,441,420)		
Other Revenues:					
Miscellaneous Revenue	2,228,225	1,941,470	(286,755)		
Program Donations	86,900	81,900	(5,000)		
Claims Settlement	-	-	-		
Sub-total	2,315,125	2,023,370	(291,755)		
REVENUE FROM OUTSIDE SOURCES	79,294,689	76,529,226	(2,765,463)		
Internal Revenue:					
Overhead Charges	9,417,289	9,379,851	(37,438)		
Transfers In	-	-	-		
Sub-total	9,417,289	9,379,851	(37,438)		
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	88,711,978	85,909,077	(2,802,901)		
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS					
STATE GAS TAX FUND:					
Use of Money and Property	20,000	20,000	_		
Intergovernmental	2,996,851	2,768,666	(228,185)		
Charges for Services	6,000	3,000	(3,000)		
Other Revenue	0,000	5,000	(0,000)		
TOTAL STATE GAS TAX FUND	3,022,851	2,791,666	(231,185)		
STORM DRAIN IMPROVEMENT FUND:					
	50,000	2 000	(48,000)		
Charges for Services TOTAL STORM DRAIN IMPROVEMENT FUND	50,000	2,000	(48,000)		
TOTAL STORM DRAIN IMPROVEMENT FUND	50,000	2,000	(48,000)		
STREET LANDSCAPING/LIGHTING FUND:					
Charges for Services	1,558,600	1,548,000	(10,600)		
Transfers In		-	-		
TOTAL STREET LANDSCAPING/LIGHTING FUND	1,558,600	1,548,000	(10,600)		
LOCAL TRANSPORTATION ARTICLE 3 FUND:					
Intergovernmental	46,714	46,714			
TOTAL LOCAL TRANSPORT ARTICLE 3 FUND	46,714	46,714			

	Fisc	cal Year 2020 - 2	021	
	Adopted	Adjusted	Increase	
	2020-21	2020-21	(Decrease)	
Use of Money and Property	30,000	30,000	_	
Intergovernmental	970,261	970,261	_	
	1,000,261	1,000,261		
	.,,	.,,		
PROPOSITION A FUND:				
Use of Money and Property	30,000	30,000		
Intergovernmental	1,383,383	1,383,383	-	
TOTAL PROPOSITION A FUND	1,413,383	1,413,383	-	
PROPOSITION C FUND:				
Use of Money and Property	120,000	120,000		
ntergovernmental	1,147,477	1,147,477	-	
TOTAL PROPOSITION C FUND	1,267,477	1,267,477	-	
MEASURE R FUND:	15,000	15,000		
Jse of Money and Property ntergovernmental	860,855	860,855	-	
rotal measure r fund	875,855	875,855		
	075,055	07 3,033	-	
MEASURE W FUND:				
ntergovernmental	720,000	720,000		
OTAL MEASURE W FUND	720,000	720,000	-	
AIR QUALITY IMPROVEMENT FUND:				
Jse of Money and Property	2,000	2,000	-	
Charges for Services	65,984	65,984	-	
TOTAL AIR QUALITY IMPROVEMENT FUND	67,984	67,984	-	
NTERGOVERNMENTAL GRANTS FUND:	44,000,000	44.000.000		
ntergovernmental FOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL GRANTS FUND	14,008,699 <b>14,008,699</b>	14,008,699 14,008,699		
OTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL GRANTS FUND	14,008,699	14,008,699	-	
COM. DEV. BLOCK GRANT FUND:				
ntergovernmental	501,816	501,816		
TOTAL COM. DEV. BLOCK GRANT FUND	501,816	501,816	-	
HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND:				
ntergovernmental	7,166,683	6,768,300	(398,383)	
FOTAL HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND	7,166,683	6,768,300	(398,383)	
	- <b>-</b>			
PARKS AND REC. FACILITIES FUND:	o	o		
Charges for Services	31,500	31,500	-	
TOTAL PARKS AND REC. FACILITIES FUND	31,500	31,500	-	
IARCOTIC FORFEITURE/SEIZURE FUND:				
Fines and Forfeitures	20,000	10,000	(10,000)	
Jse of Money and Property	10,000	10,000	-	
TOTAL NARCOTIC FORFEITURE/SEIZURE FUND	30,000	20,000	(10,000)	
SUBDIVISION PARK TRUST FUND:	500,000	500,000		
Intergovernmental Exhibit B		500,000	-	

	Fise	cal Year 2020 - 2	021
	Adopted	Adjusted	Increase
	2020-21	2020-21	(Decrease)
TOTAL SUBDIVISION PARK TRUST FUND	500,000	500,000	-
DISASTER RECOVERY FUND:	000.000	000.000	
Intergovernmental	829,000	829,000	-
Charges for Services Other Revenue	500	500	-
TOTAL DISASTER RECOVERY FUND:	<u>350,159</u> <b>1,179,659</b>	350,159 <b>1,179,659</b>	
TOTAL DISASTER RECOVERT FUND.	1,179,039	1,179,039	-
TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	33,441,482	32,743,314	(698,168)
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND:			
Taxes	180,000	180,000	-
Charges for Services	297,262	297,262	-
Other Revenue	467,567	467,567	-
Transfers In	_	-	-
TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	944,829	944,829	-
OPEN SPACE ACQUISITION FUND:			
Other Revenue	-	72,632	72,632
TOTAL OPEN SPACE ACQUISITION FUND	-	72,632	72,632
TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS	944,829	1,017,461	72,632
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	123,098,289	119,669,852	(3,428,437)
ENTERPRISE FUNDS HARBOR TIDELANDS FUND:			
Fines and Forfeitures	7,200	7,200	
Use of Money and Property	4,826,742	3,461,742	- (1,365,000)
Charges for Services	494,938	508,026	13,088
Other Revenues	2,000	1,125	(875)
TOTAL HARBOR TIDELANDS FUND	5,330,880	3,978,093	(1,352,787)
HARBOR UPLANDS FUND:			
Fines and Forfeitures	15,300	15,300	-
Use of Money and Property	2,985,000	2,110,000	(875,000)
Charges for Services	1,716,750	1,741,250	24,500
Other Revenues	250	250	-
TOTAL HARBOR UPLANDS FUND	4,717,300	3,866,800	(850,500)
SOLID WASTE FUND:			
Licenses and Permits	25,000	25,000	-
Intergovernmental	105,288	94,487	(10,801)
Charges for Services	4,860,973	4,690,055	(170,918)
Other Revenues	178,357	178,378	21
TOTAL SOLID WASTE FUND	5,169,618	4,987,920	(181,698)

	Fis	cal Year 2020 - 2	021
	Adopted 2020-21	Adjusted 2020-21	Increase (Decrease)
			(
WASTEWATER FUND:			
Use of Money and Property	300,000	300,000	-
Charges for Services	5,576,765	5,565,014	(11,751)
Other Revenues	-	3,803	3,803
TOTAL WASTEWATER FUND	5,876,765	5,868,817	(7,948)
TRANSIT FUND:			
Intergovernmental	2,171,275	2,171,275	-
Charges for Services	326,317	326,317	-
Other Revenue	500	500	-
Transfers In	-	-	-
TOTAL TRANSIT FUND	2,498,092	2,498,092	-
TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS	23,592,655	21,199,722	(2,392,933)
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS SELF-INSURANCE PROGRAM FUND:			
Charges for Services	7,937,950	8,202,424	264,474
TOTAL SELF-INSURANCE PROGRAM FUND	7,937,950	8,202,424	264,474
VEHICLE REPLACEMENT FUND:			
Charges for Services	3,323,780	3,026,619	(297,161)
Other Revenues	52,500	30,500	(22,000)
TOTAL VEHICLE REPLACEMENT FUND	3,376,280	3,057,119	(319,161)
BUILDING OCCUPANCY FUND:			
Charges for Services	3,277,446	3,507,846	230,400
TOTAL BUILDING OCCUPANCY FUND	3,277,446	3,507,846	230,400
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY FUND:			
Charges for Services	3,505,574	3,484,682	(20,892)
TOTAL INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY FUND	3,505,574	3,484,682	(20,892)
EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS FUND:			
Charges for Services	3,452,277	4,207,747	755,470
TOTAL EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS FUND	3,452,277	4,207,747	755,470
MAJOR FACILITIES REPAIR FUND:			
Charges for Services	91,543	107,076	15,533
TOTAL MAJOR FACILITIES REPAIR FUND	91,543	107,076	15,533
TOTAL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	21,641,070	22,566,894	925,824
TOTAL PROPRIETARY FUNDS	45,233,725	43,766,616	(1,467,109)
GRAND TOTAL	168,332,014	163,436,468	(4,895,546)

Note: Adopted figures represent total resources including adopted revenues, carry-over revenues, and other Council-approved revenues.

#### City of Redondo Beach Mid Year Adjustments to Appropriations

	Fisc	al Year 2020 - 2:	021
	Adopted 2020-21	Adjusted 2020-21	Increase (Decrease)
	2020-21	2020-21	(Declease)
GENERAL FUND			
Mayor and City Council:	000.000		
Personnel	362,933	362,933	-
Maintenance and Operations Internal Service Fund Allocations	39,131 221,676	39,131 243,862	- 22,186
Capital Outlay	221,070	243,002	22,100
Sub-total	623,740	645,926	22,186
City Clash			
City Clerk: Personnel	675,983	675,983	
Maintenance and Operations	464,787	464,787	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	177,816	180,167	2,351
Capital Outlay	-	-	-
Sub-total	1,318,586	1,320,937	2,351
City Treasurer:			
Personnel	253,846	253,846	-
Maintenance and Operations	113,458	113,458	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	30,644	32,257	1,613
Capital Outlay			
Sub-total	397,948	399,561	1,613
City Attorney:			
Personnel	2,706,733	2,706,733	-
Maintenance and Operations	286,069	286,069	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	349,878	365,821	15,943
Capital Outlay	<u> </u>	-	-
Sub-total	3,342,680	3,358,623	15,943
City Manager:			
Personnel	821,141	821,141	-
Maintenance and Operations	368,946	368,946	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	95,362	98,594	3,232
Capital Outlay Sub-total	- 1,285,449	- 1,288,681	3,232
	,, <del>-</del>	,,	-, -
Human Resources: Personnel	616,378	616,378	_
Maintenance and Operations	1,499,210	1,499,210	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	81,742	79,692	(2,050)
Capital Outlay	-	-	(2,000)
Sub-total	2,197,330	2,195,280	(2,050)
		-	• • •

Adopted 2020-21         Adjusted 2020-21         Increase (Decrease (Decrease)           Financial Services: Personnel         1,821,981         -           Maintenance and Operations         309,677         309,677           Internal Service Fund Allocations         234,216         245,547           Capital Outlay         -         -           Sub-total         2,365,874         2,377,205         11,3           Police:         -         -         -           Personnel         28,159,556         -         -           Maintenance and Operations         1,579,876         1,579,876         -           Internal Service Fund Allocations         11,041,878         11,788,227         746,33           Capital Outlay         185,987         185,987         -           Sub-total         40,967,297         41,713,646         746,3           Fire:         -         -         -           Personnel         14,644,969         -         -           Maintenance and Operations         626,969         576,969         (50,0           Internal Service Fund Allocations         1,833,295         -         -           Sub-total         19,658,516         19,489,409         (196,19
Personnel         1,821,981         1,821,981         -           Maintenance and Operations         309,677         309,677         -           Capital Outlay         234,216         245,547         11,3           Capital Outlay         2,365,874         2,377,205         11,3           Police:         -         -         -         -           Personnel         28,159,556         28,159,556         -         -           Maintenance and Operations         1,579,876         1,579,876         -         -           Internal Service Fund Allocations         11,041,878         11,788,227         746,3           Capital Outlay         185,987         185,987         -         -           Sub-total         40,967,297         41,713,646         746,3           Fire:         -         -         -         -           Personnel         14,644,969         -         -           Maintenance and Operations         626,969         576,969         (50,0)           Internal Service Fund Allocations         4,360,587         4,241,480         (119,1)           Capital Outlay         25,991         25,991         -         -           Sub-total         19,658,516
Maintenance and Operations       309,677       309,677       309,677         Internal Service Fund Allocations       234,216       245,547       11,3         Capital Outlay       -       -       -       -         Sub-total       2,365,874       2,377,205       11,3         Police:       -       -       -       -       -         Personnel       28,159,556       28,159,556       -       -       -         Maintenance and Operations       1,579,876       15,79,876       - <t< td=""></t<>
Internal Service Fund Allocations       234,216       245,547       11,3         Capital Outlay       -       -       -       -         Sub-total       2,365,874       2,377,205       11,3         Police:       -       -       -       -         Personnel       28,159,556       28,159,556       -       -         Internal Service Fund Allocations       1,579,876       1,579,876       -       -         Capital Outlay       185,987       185,987       185,987       746,3         Sub-total       40,967,297       41,713,646       746,3         Fire:       -       -       -       -         Personnel       14,644,969       14,644,969       -       -         Maintenance and Operations       622,969       576,969       (50,0)         Internal Service Fund Allocations       4,360,587       4,241,480       (119,1)         Capital Outlay       25,991       25,991       -       -         Sub-total       19,658,516       19,489,409       (169,1)         Public Library:       -       -       -       -         Public Library:       -       -       -       -       -
Capital Outlay         -          -         -        <
Sub-total         2,365,874         2,377,205         11,3           Police:         Personnel         28,159,556         28,159,556         -           Maintenance and Operations         1,579,876         1,579,876         -           Internal Service Fund Allocations         11,041,878         11,788,227         746,3           Capital Outlay         185,987         185,987         -           Sub-total         40,967,297         41,713,646         746,3           Fire:         Personnel         14,644,969         14,644,969         -           Maintenance and Operations         626,969         576,969         (50,0)           Internal Service Fund Allocations         4,360,587         4,241,480         (119,1)           Capital Outlay         25,991         25,991         -           Sub-total         19,658,516         19,489,409         (169,1)           Public Library:         Personnel         1,833,295         -           Maintenance and Operations         1,850,608         1,908,792         58,1           Internal Service Fund Allocations         1,850,608         1,908,792         58,1           Capital Outlay         -         -         -         -           Sub-total
Police:       28,159,556       28,159,556       -         Maintenance and Operations       1,579,876       1,579,876       -         Internal Service Fund Allocations       11,041,878       11,788,227       746,3         Capital Outlay       185,987       -       -         Sub-total       40,967,297       41,713,646       746,3         Fire:       -       -       -       -         Personnel       14,644,969       -       -       -         Maintenance and Operations       626,969       576,969       (50,00)         Internal Service Fund Allocations       4,360,587       4,241,480       (119,1)         Capital Outlay       25,991       25,991       -         Sub-total       19,658,516       19,489,409       (169,1)         Public Library:       -       -       -         Personnel       1,833,295       1,833,295       -         Maintenance and Operations       470,570       470,570       -         Internal Service Fund Allocations       1,850,608       1,908,792       58,1         Capital Outlay       -       -       -       -         Sub-total       4,154,473       4,212,657       58,1
Personnel       28,159,556       28,159,556       -         Maintenance and Operations       1,579,876       1,579,876       -         Internal Service Fund Allocations       11,041,878       11,788,227       746,3         Capital Outlay       185,987       185,987       -         Sub-total       40,967,297       41,713,646       746,3         Fire:       -       -       -         Personnel       14,644,969       14,644,969       -         Maintenance and Operations       626,969       576,969       (50,0)         Internal Service Fund Allocations       4,360,587       4,241,480       (119,1)         Capital Outlay       25,991       25,991       -         Sub-total       19,658,516       19,489,409       (169,1)         Public Library:       -       -       -         Personnel       1,833,295       -       -         Maintenance and Operations       1,850,608       1,908,792       58,1         Capital Outlay       -       -       -       -         Sub-total       1,850,608       1,908,792       58,1       -         Capital Outlay       -       -       -       -       -
Maintenance and Operations       1,579,876       1,579,876       -         Internal Service Fund Allocations       11,041,878       11,788,227       746,3         Capital Outlay       185,987       185,987       -         Sub-total       40,967,297       41,713,646       746,3         Fire:       Personnel       14,644,969       14,644,969       -         Maintenance and Operations       626,969       576,969       (50,0)         Internal Service Fund Allocations       4,360,587       4,241,480       (119,1)         Capital Outlay       25,991       25,991       -         Sub-total       19,658,516       19,489,409       (169,1)         Public Library:       Personnel       1,833,295       1,833,295       -         Maintenance and Operations       1,850,608       1,908,792       58,1         Internal Service Fund Allocations       1,850,608       1,908,792       58,1         Capital Outlay       -       -       -       -         Sub-total       4,154,473       4,212,657       58,1         Capital Outlay       -       -       -       -         Sub-total       4,154,473       4,212,657       58,1         Community S
Internal Service Fund Allocations       11,041,878       11,788,227       746,3         Capital Outlay       185,987       185,987       -         Sub-total       40,967,297       41,713,646       746,3         Fire:       -       -       -         Personnel       14,644,969       14,644,969       -         Maintenance and Operations       626,969       576,969       (50,0)         Internal Service Fund Allocations       4,360,587       4,241,480       (119,1)         Capital Outlay       25,991       25,991       -         Sub-total       19,658,516       19,489,409       (169,1)         Public Library:       -       -       -         Personnel       1,850,608       1,908,792       58,1         Maintenance and Operations       1,850,608       1,908,792       58,1         Internal Service Fund Allocations       1,850,608       1,908,792       58,1         Capital Outlay       -       -       -       -         Sub-total       4,154,473       4,212,657       58,1         Capital Outlay       -       -       -       -         Sub-total       4,154,473       4,212,657       58,1
Capital Outlay         185,987         185,987         -           Sub-total         40,967,297         41,713,646         746,3           Fire:         Personnel         14,644,969         14,644,969         -           Maintenance and Operations         626,969         576,969         (50,0)           Internal Service Fund Allocations         4,360,587         4,241,480         (119,1)           Capital Outlay         25,991         25,991         -           Sub-total         19,658,516         19,489,409         (169,1)           Public Library:         Personnel         1,833,295         1,833,295         -           Maintenance and Operations         1,850,608         1,908,792         58,1           Internal Service Fund Allocations         1,850,608         1,908,792         58,1           Capital Outlay         -         -         -         -           Sub-total         -         -         -         -         -           Capital Outlay         -
Sub-total         40,967,297         41,713,646         746,3           Fire:         Personnel         14,644,969         14,644,969         -           Maintenance and Operations         626,969         576,969         (50,0)           Internal Service Fund Allocations         4,360,587         4,241,480         (119,1)           Capital Outlay         25,991         25,991         -           Sub-total         19,658,516         19,489,409         (169,1)           Public Library:         Personnel         1,833,295         -           Maintenance and Operations         470,570         470,570         -           Internal Service Fund Allocations         1,850,608         1,908,792         58,1           Capital Outlay         -         -         -         -           Sub-total         1,850,608         1,908,792         58,1           Capital Outlay         -         -         -         -           Sub-total         4,154,473         4,212,657         58,1           Capital Outlay         -         -         -         -           Sub-total         1,889,356         1,889,356         -           Maintenance and Operations         1,058,793         798,7
Fire:       Personnel       14,644,969       14,644,969       -         Maintenance and Operations       626,969       576,969       (50,0)         Internal Service Fund Allocations       4,360,587       4,241,480       (119,1)         Capital Outlay       25,991       25,991       -         Sub-total       19,658,516       19,489,409       (169,1)         Public Library:       Personnel       1,833,295       1,833,295       -         Maintenance and Operations       470,570       470,570       -         Internal Service Fund Allocations       1,850,608       1,908,792       58,1         Capital Outlay       -       -       -       -         Sub-total       4,154,473       4,212,657       58,1         Capital Outlay       -       -       -       -         Sub-total       4,154,473       4,212,657       58,1         Capital Outlay       -       -       -       -         Sub-total       1,889,356       1,889,356       -         Maintenance and Operations       1,058,793       798,793       (260,0)
Personnel       14,644,969       14,644,969       -         Maintenance and Operations       626,969       576,969       (50,0)         Internal Service Fund Allocations       4,360,587       4,241,480       (119,1)         Capital Outlay       25,991       25,991       -         Sub-total       19,658,516       19,489,409       (169,1)         Public Library:       -       -       -         Personnel       1,833,295       1,833,295       -         Maintenance and Operations       470,570       470,570       -         Internal Service Fund Allocations       1,850,608       1,908,792       58,1         Capital Outlay       -       -       -       -         Sub-total       -       -       -       -         Maintenance Fund Allocations       1,850,608       1,908,792       58,1         Capital Outlay       -       -       -       -         Sub-total       4,154,473       4,212,657       58,1         Community Services:       -       -       -       -         Personnel       1,889,356       1,889,356       -       -         Maintenance and Operations       1,058,793       798,793
Maintenance and Operations       626,969       576,969       (50,0         Internal Service Fund Allocations       4,360,587       4,241,480       (119,1)         Capital Outlay       25,991       25,991       -         Sub-total       19,658,516       19,489,409       (169,1)         Public Library:       -       -       -         Personnel       1,833,295       1,833,295       -         Maintenance and Operations       1,850,608       1,908,792       58,1         Capital Outlay       -       -       -         Sub-total       1,850,608       1,908,792       58,1         Capital Outlay       -       -       -         Sub-total       1,850,608       1,908,792       58,1         Capital Outlay       -       -       -         Sub-total       1,889,356       1,889,356       -         Personnel       1,889,356       1,889,356       -         Maintenance and Operations       1,058,793       798,793       (260,0)
Internal Service Fund Allocations       4,360,587       4,241,480       (119,1         Capital Outlay       25,991       25,991       -         Sub-total       19,658,516       19,489,409       (169,1         Public Library:       -       -       -         Personnel       1,833,295       1,833,295       -         Maintenance and Operations       470,570       470,570       -         Internal Service Fund Allocations       1,850,608       1,908,792       58,1         Capital Outlay       -       -       -       -         Sub-total       -       -       -       -         Community Services:       -       -       -       -         Personnel       1,889,356       1,889,356       -       -       -         Maintenance and Operations       1,058,793       798,793       (260,0)
Capital Outlay       25,991       25,991       -         Sub-total       19,658,516       19,489,409       (169,1         Public Library:       1,833,295       1,833,295       -         Personnel       1,833,295       1,833,295       -         Maintenance and Operations       470,570       470,570       -         Internal Service Fund Allocations       1,850,608       1,908,792       58,1         Capital Outlay       -       -       -       -         Sub-total       -       -       -       -         Community Services:       -       -       -       -         Personnel       1,889,356       1,889,356       -       -         Maintenance and Operations       1,058,793       798,793       (260,0)
Sub-total         19,658,516         19,489,409         (169,1           Public Library:         Personnel         1,833,295         1,833,295         -           Maintenance and Operations         470,570         470,570         -           Internal Service Fund Allocations         1,850,608         1,908,792         58,1           Capital Outlay         -         -         -           Sub-total         4,154,473         4,212,657         58,1           Community Services:         -         -         -           Personnel         1,889,356         1,889,356         -           Maintenance and Operations         1,058,793         798,793         (260,0)
Public Library:         Personnel       1,833,295       1,833,295       -         Maintenance and Operations       470,570       470,570       -         Internal Service Fund Allocations       1,850,608       1,908,792       58,1         Capital Outlay       -       -       -         Sub-total       4,154,473       4,212,657       58,1         Personnel       1,889,356       1,889,356       -         Maintenance and Operations       1,058,793       798,793       (260,0)
Personnel       1,833,295       1,833,295         Maintenance and Operations       470,570       470,570         Internal Service Fund Allocations       1,850,608       1,908,792       58,1         Capital Outlay       -       -       -         Sub-total       4,154,473       4,212,657       58,1         Community Services:       -       -       -         Personnel       1,889,356       1,889,356       -         Maintenance and Operations       1,058,793       798,793       (260,0)
Maintenance and Operations       470,570       470,570       -         Internal Service Fund Allocations       1,850,608       1,908,792       58,1         Capital Outlay       -       -       -         Sub-total       4,154,473       4,212,657       58,1         Community Services:       -       -       -         Personnel       1,889,356       1,889,356       -         Maintenance and Operations       1,058,793       798,793       (260,0)
Internal Service Fund Allocations       1,850,608       1,908,792       58,1         Capital Outlay       -       -       -         Sub-total       4,154,473       4,212,657       58,1         Community Services:       -       -       -         Personnel       1,889,356       1,889,356       -         Maintenance and Operations       1,058,793       798,793       (260,0)
Capital Outlay         -
Sub-total         4,154,473         4,212,657         58,1           Community Services:         -         -         -           Personnel         1,889,356         1,889,356         -           Maintenance and Operations         1,058,793         798,793         (260,0)
Community Services:         1,889,356         -           Personnel         1,058,793         798,793         (260,0)
Personnel         1,889,356         1,889,356         -           Maintenance and Operations         1,058,793         798,793         (260,0)
Maintenance and Operations         1,058,793         798,793         (260,0)
Internal Service Fund Allocations         2,381,974         2,451,312         69,3
Capital Outlay
Sub-total 5,330,123 5,139,461 (190,6
Community Development:
Personnel 2,752,413 2,752,413 -
Maintenance and Operations 337,533 -
Internal Service Fund Allocations 577,732 623,465 45,7
Capital Outlay
Sub-total 3,667,678 3,713,411 45,7
Waterfront and Economic Development:
Personnel 75,452 75,452 -
Maintenance and Operations 139,215 -
Internal Service Fund Allocations 296,889 109,890 (186,9
Capital Outlay
Sub-total         511,556         324,557         (186,9)

	Fisc	al Year 2020 - 2	021
	Adopted	Adjusted	Increase
	2020-21	2020-21	(Decrease)
Public Works:			
Personnel	3,521,769	3,521,769	_
Maintenance and Operations	1,199,233	1,199,233	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	2,333,462	2,272,301	(61,161)
Capital Outlay	2,000,402	2,272,501	(01,101)
Sub-total	7,054,464	6,993,303	(61,161)
N 5 / //			
Non-Departmental:	0.000.040	0.000.040	
Transfers Out Sub-total	2,680,249 <b>2,680,249</b>	2,680,249 <b>2,680,249</b>	
	2,000,245	2,000,243	
GENERAL FUND:			
Personnel	60,135,805	60,135,805	-
Maintenance and Operations	8,493,467	8,183,467	(310,000)
Internal Service Fund Allocations	24,034,464	24,641,407	606,943
Capital Outlay	211,978	211,978	-
Transfers Out	2,680,249	2,680,249	-
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	95,555,963	95,852,906	296,943
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS			
STATE GAS TAX FUND:	747 045	747 045	
Personnel	717,345	717,345	-
Maintenance and Operations Internal Service Fund Allocations	290,927 396,356	290,927 394,485	- (1 071)
Capital Outlay	2,095,921		(1,871)
Transfers Out	2,095,921	2,095,921	-
TOTAL STATE GAS TAX FUND	3,500,549	3,498,678	(1,871)
STORM DRAIN IMPROVEMENT FUND: Personnel	_		_
Maintenance and Operations	-	-	_
Internal Service Fund Allocations			
Capital Outlay	288,730	288,730	
Transfers Out	-	200,700	-
TOTAL STORM DRAIN IMPROVEMENT FUND	288,730	288,730	-
STREET LANDSCAPING/LIGHTING FUND:			
Personnel	955,614	955,614	-
Maintenance and Operations	1,424,656	1,424,656	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	266,785	267,243	458
Capital Outlay Transfers Out	-	-	-
TOTAL STREET LANDSCAPING/LIGHTING FUND	2,647,055	2,647,513	- 458
	_,041,000	_,	

	Fisc	al Year 2020 - 2	021
	Adopted 2020-21	Adjusted 2020-21	Increase (Decrease)
LOCAL TRANSPORTATION ARTICLE 3 FUND:			
Personnel	-	-	-
Maintenance and Operations	-	-	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	-	-
Transfers Out			
TOTAL LOCAL TRANSPORTATION ARTICLE 3 FUND	-	-	-
MEASURE M FUND:			
Personnel	-	-	-
Maintenance and Operations	-	-	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	374	-	(374)
Capital Outlay	3,058,081	3,058,081	-
Transfers Out	-		-
TOTAL MEASURE M FUND	3,058,455	3,058,081	(374)
PROPOSITION A FUND:			
Personnel	-	-	-
Maintenance and Operations	-	-	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	75,000	75,000	-
Transfers Out TOTAL PROPOSITION A FUND	2,792,272 <b>2,867,272</b>	2,792,272 2,867,272	
PROPOSITION C FUND: Personnel			
Maintenance and Operations	- 12,280	- 12,280	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	2,062	2,151	- 89
Capital Outlay	7,751,047	7,751,047	-
Transfers Out	-	-	-
TOTAL PROPOSITION C FUND	7,765,389	7,765,478	89
MEASURE R FUND:			
Personnel	-	_	-
Maintenance and Operations	28,653	28,653	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	2,416,843	2,416,843	-
Transfers Out	-	-	-
TOTAL MEASURE R FUND	2,445,496	2,445,496	-
MEASURE W FUND:			
Personnel	97,360	97,360	-
Maintenance and Operations	47,954	47,954	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	47,889	54,072	6,183
Capital Outlay	610,496	610,496	-
Transfers Out			-
TOTAL MEASURE W FUND	803,699	809,882	6,183

Adopted 2020-21         Adjusted 2020-21         Increase (Decrease)           AIR QUALITY IMPROVEMENT FUND: Personnel         26,600         -           Maintenance and Operations         56,089         56,089         -           Internal Service Fund Allocations         5,250         5,078         (172)           Capital Outlay         185,600         185,600         -           Transfers Out         -         -         -           TOTAL AIR QUALITY IMPROVEMENT FUND         273,539         273,567         (172)           INTERGOVERNMENTAL GRANTS FUND:         -         -         -           Personnel         360,988         -         -           Maintenance and Operations         1,878,989         1,878,989         -           Total LINTERGOVERNMENTAL GRANTS FUND         23,493,841         -         -           COM. DEV. BLOCK GRANT FUND:         -         -         -           Personnel         -         -         -         -           Maintenance and Operations         207,187         207,187         -         -           Com. DEV. BLOCK GRANT FUND         207,187         -         -         -           Maintenance and Operations         147,319         13,544         -		Fisc	al Year 2020 - 2:	021
Personnel         26,600         26,600         -           Maintenance and Operations         55,089         5,250         5,078         (172)           Capital Outlay         185,600         185,600         -         -           Tortal alic Quality IMPROVEMENT FUND         273,539         273,367         (172)           INTERGOVERNMENTAL GRANTS FUND:         -         -         -           Personnel         360,988         360,988         -           Maintenance and Operations         1.878,989         -         -           Internal Service Fund Allocations         -         -         -           Transfers Out         -         -         -         - <th></th> <th></th> <th>-</th> <th></th>			-	
Maintenance and Operations         56,089         56,089         -           Internal Service Fund Allocations         5,250         5,078         (172)           Capital Outlay         186,600         185,600         -           TOTAL AIR QUALITY IMPROVEMENT FUND         273,367         (172)           INTERGOVERNMENTAL GRANTS FUND:         Personnel         360,988         360,988         -           Personnel         360,988         360,988         -         -         -           Capital Outlay         21,253,864         - <td< td=""><td>AIR QUALITY IMPROVEMENT FUND:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	AIR QUALITY IMPROVEMENT FUND:			
Internal Service Fund Allocations         5,250         5,078         (172)           Capital Outlay         185,600         185,600         -           Transfers Out         -         -         -           TOTAL AIR QUALITY IMPROVEMENT FUND         273,539         273,367         (172)           INTERGOVERNMENTAL GRANTS FUND:         -         -         -           Personnel         360,988         360,988         -           Maintenance and Operations         1,878,989         -         -           Internal Service Fund Allocations         -         -         -           Transfers Out         -         -         -         -           Total INTERGOVERNMENTAL GRANTS FUND         23,493,841         23,493,841         -         -           Com DEV. BLOCK GRANT FUND:         -         -         -         -         -           Maintenance and Operations         207,187         -	Personnel	26,600	26,600	-
Capital Outlay         185,600         185,600         -           Transfers Out         -	Maintenance and Operations	56,089	56,089	-
Transfers Out       -       <	Internal Service Fund Allocations	5,250	5,078	(172)
TOTAL AIR QUALITY IMPROVEMENT FUND         273,539         273,367         (172)           INTERGOVERNMENTAL GRANTS FUND:         Personnel         360,988         360,988         -           Maintenance and Operations         1,878,989         1,878,989         -         -           Internal Service Fund Allocations         -         -         -         -           Capital Outlay         21,253,864         21,253,864         -         -           Transfers Out         21,253,864         21,253,864         -         -           Total INTERGOVERNMENTAL GRANTS FUND         23,493,841         -         -         -           ODTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL GRANTS FUND         20,7187         -         -         -           Maintenance and Operations         207,187         -         -         -           Internal Service Fund Allocations         -         -         -         -           Transfers Out         -         -         -         -         -           Total LOW DEV, BLOCK GRANT FUND         400,731         400,731         -         -         -           Personnel         376,598         376,598         -         -         -         -           Internal Service Fund Allocation		185,600	185,600 -	-
Personnel         360,988         360,988         -           Maintenance and Operations         1,878,989         1,878,989         -           Internal Service Fund Allocations         -         -         -           Capital Outlay         21,253,864         21,253,864         -           Transfers Out         -         -         -           TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL GRANTS FUND         23,493,841         23,493,841         -           COM. DEV. BLOCK GRANT FUND:         -         -         -           Personnel         -         -         -           Maintenance and Operations         207,187         207,187         -           Capital Outlay         193,544         193,544         -         -           Transfers Out         -         -         -         -           Total COM. DEV. BLOCK GRANT FUND         376,598         -         -         -           HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND:         -         -         -         -         -           Transfers Out         -         -         -         -         -         -         -           Internal Service Fund Allocations         147,319         152,222         4,903         -         -		273,539	273,367	(172)
Maintenance and Operations       1,878,989       1,878,989       -         Internal Service Fund Allocations       -       -       -         Capital Outlay       21,253,864       21,253,864       -       -         ToTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL GRANTS FUND       23,493,841       23,493,841       -       -         COM. DEV. BLOCK GRANT FUND:       -       -       -       -       -         Personnel       -       -       -       -       -       -         Internal Service Fund Allocations       -				
Internal Service Fund Allocations       -       -       -         Capital Outlay       21,253,864       21,253,864       -         Transfers Out       -       -       -         TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL GRANTS FUND       23,493,841       23,493,841       -         COM. DEV. BLOCK GRANT FUND:       -       -       -         Personnel       -       -       -         Maintenance and Operations       207,187       207,187       -         Internal Service Fund Allocations       -       -       -         Capital Outlay       193,544       193,544       -       -         Transfers Out       -       -       -       -       -         HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND:       -       -       -       -       -         Personnel       376,598       376,598       -				-
Capital Outlay Transfers Out         21,253,864         21,253,864         -           TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL GRANTS FUND         23,493,841         -         -           COM. DEV. BLOCK GRANT FUND: Personnel         23,493,841         -         -           Maintenance and Operations         207,187         207,187         -           Internal Service Fund Allocations         -         -         -         -           Transfers Out         -         -         -         -         -           TotAL COM. DEV. BLOCK GRANT FUND         400,731         400,731         -         -         -           Cotal COM. DEV. BLOCK GRANT FUND         -	-	1,878,989	1,878,989	-
Transfers Out       -       <		-	-	-
TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL GRANTS FUND         23,493,841         23,493,841         -           COM. DEV. BLOCK GRANT FUND: Personnel         -         -         -         -           Maintenance and Operations         207,187         207,187         -         -           Capital Outlay         193,544         193,544         -         -         -           Transfers Out         -         -         -         -         -         -           TOTAL COM. DEV. BLOCK GRANT FUND         400,731         400,731         -         -         -           HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND:         -         -         -         -         -         -           Personnel         376,598         376,598         -         -         -         -           Maintenance and Operations         6,197,695         6,197,695         -         -         -         -           Transfers Out         -		21,253,864	21,253,864	-
Personnel         -         -         -           Maintenance and Operations         207,187         207,187         -           Internal Service Fund Allocations         -         -         -           Capital Outlay         193,544         193,544         -         -           Total COM. DEV. BLOCK GRANT FUND         400,731         400,731         -         -           HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND:         -         -         -         -         -           Personnel         376,598         376,598         -         -         -         -           Maintenance and Operations         6,197,695         6,197,695         -		- 23,493,841	- 23,493,841	
Maintenance and Operations         207,187         207,187         -           Internal Service Fund Allocations         -         -         -         -           Capital Outlay         193,544         193,544         -	COM. DEV. BLOCK GRANT FUND:			
Internal Service Fund Allocations         -	Personnel	-	-	-
Capital Outlay         193,544         193,544         -           Transfers Out         -         -         -         -           TOTAL COM. DEV. BLOCK GRANT FUND         400,731         400,731         -           HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND:         -         -         -         -           Personnel         376,598         376,598         -         -           Maintenance and Operations         6,197,695         6,197,695         -         -           Internal Service Fund Allocations         147,319         152,222         4,903           Capital Outlay         -         -         -         -           Transfers Out         -         -         -         -           TOTAL HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND         6,721,612         6,726,515         4,903           PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES FUND:         -         -         -         -           Personnel         -         -         -         -         -           Internal Service Fund Allocations         -         -         -         -         -           Capital Outlay         50,000         50,000         -         -         -         -         -           Total PARKS AND RECREATION	Maintenance and Operations	207,187	207,187	-
Transfers Out       -       -       -         TOTAL COM. DEV. BLOCK GRANT FUND       400,731       400,731       -       -         HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND:       Personnel       376,598       376,598       -         Maintenance and Operations       6,197,695       6,197,695       -       -         Internal Service Fund Allocations       147,319       152,222       4,903         Capital Outlay       -       -       -       -         ToTAL HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND       6,721,612       6,726,515       4,903         Capital Outlay       -       -       -       -         ToTAL HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND       6,721,612       6,726,515       4,903         PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES FUND:       -       -       -       -         Personnel       -       -       -       -       -         Maintenance and Operations       -       -       -       -       -       -         Internal Service Fund Allocations       - </td <td>Internal Service Fund Allocations</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	Internal Service Fund Allocations	-	-	-
TOTAL COM. DEV. BLOCK GRANT FUND         400,731         400,731         -           HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND:         Personnel         376,598         376,598         -           Maintenance and Operations         6,197,695         6,197,695         -         -           Internal Service Fund Allocations         147,319         152,222         4,903         -	Capital Outlay	193,544	193,544	-
HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND:         Personnel       376,598       376,598       -         Maintenance and Operations       6,197,695       6,197,695       -         Internal Service Fund Allocations       147,319       152,222       4,903         Capital Outlay       -       -       -       -         Transfers Out       -       -       -       -         TOTAL HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND       6,721,612       6,726,515       4,903         PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES FUND:       -       -       -         Personnel       -       -       -         Maintenance and Operations       -       -       -         Internal Service Fund Allocations       -       -       -         Internal Service Fund Allocations       -       -       -         Capital Outlay       50,000       50,000       -       -         Transfers Out       -       -       -       -         VARCOTIC FORFEITURE/SEIZURE FUND:       -       -       -       -         Personnel       -       -       -       -       -         Maintenance and Operations       156,923       156,923       -       -	Transfers Out	<u> </u>		
Personnel         376,598         376,598         -           Maintenance and Operations         6,197,695         6,197,695         -           Internal Service Fund Allocations         147,319         152,222         4,903           Capital Outlay         -         -         -           Transfers Out         -         -         -           TOTAL HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND         6,721,612         6,726,515         4,903           PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES FUND:         -         -         -           Personnel         -         -         -         -           Maintenance and Operations         -         -         -         -           Internal Service Fund Allocations         -         -         -         -           Capital Outlay         50,000         50,000         -         -         -           Transfers Out         -         -         -         -         -           Total PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES FUND         50,000         50,000         -         -         -           Transfers Out         -         -         -         -         -         -           Total PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES FUND:         -         - <td>TOTAL COM. DEV. BLOCK GRANT FUND</td> <td>400,731</td> <td>400,731</td> <td>-</td>	TOTAL COM. DEV. BLOCK GRANT FUND	400,731	400,731	-
Maintenance and Operations       6,197,695       6,197,695       -         Internal Service Fund Allocations       147,319       152,222       4,903         Capital Outlay       -       -       -         Transfers Out       -       -       -         TOTAL HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND       6,721,612       6,726,515       4,903         PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES FUND:       -       -       -         Personnel       -       -       -       -         Maintenance and Operations       -       -       -       -         Internal Service Fund Allocations       -       -       -       -         Capital Outlay       50,000       50,000       -       -       -         Internal Service Fund Allocations       -       -       -       -       -         Capital Outlay       50,000       50,000       -       -       -       -       -         Transfers Out       -	HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND:			
Internal Service Fund Allocations         147,319         152,222         4,903           Capital Outlay         - <td>Personnel</td> <td>376,598</td> <td>376,598</td> <td>-</td>	Personnel	376,598	376,598	-
Capital OutlayTransfers OutTOTAL HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND6,721,6126,726,5154,903PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES FUND:PersonnelMaintenance and OperationsInternal Service Fund AllocationsCapital Outlay50,00050,000-Transfers OutTOTAL PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES FUND50,00050,000NARCOTIC FORFEITURE/SEIZURE FUND:PersonnelMaintenance and Operations156,923156,923Internal Service Fund AllocationsCapital Outlay156,923156,923Internal Service Fund AllocationsTransfers OutMaintenance and Operations156,923Internal Service Fund AllocationsCapital Outlay211,671Transfers Out	Maintenance and Operations	6,197,695	6,197,695	-
Transfers OutTOTAL HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND6,721,6126,726,5154,903PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES FUND: PersonnelMaintenance and OperationsInternal Service Fund AllocationsCapital Outlay50,00050,000-Transfers OutTOTAL PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES FUND50,00050,000-NARCOTIC FORFEITURE/SEIZURE FUND: PersonnelPersonnelMaintenance and Operations156,923156,923-Internal Service Fund AllocationsCapital Outlay211,671211,671-Transfers Out	Internal Service Fund Allocations	147,319	152,222	4,903
TOTAL HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND6,721,6126,726,5154,903PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES FUND: PersonnelMaintenance and OperationsInternal Service Fund AllocationsCapital Outlay50,00050,000-Transfers OutTOTAL PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES FUND50,00050,000-NARCOTIC FORFEITURE/SEIZURE FUND: PersonnelPersonnelMaintenance and Operations156,923156,923-Internal Service Fund AllocationsCapital Outlay211,671211,671-Transfers Out	Capital Outlay	-	-	-
PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES FUND:PersonnelMaintenance and OperationsInternal Service Fund AllocationsCapital Outlay50,00050,000Transfers OutTOTAL PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES FUND50,00050,000NARCOTIC FORFEITURE/SEIZURE FUND:PersonnelMaintenance and Operations156,923156,923Internal Service Fund AllocationsCapital Outlay211,671211,671Transfers Out	Transfers Out			
PersonnelMaintenance and OperationsInternal Service Fund AllocationsCapital Outlay50,00050,000-Transfers OutTOTAL PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES FUND50,00050,000-NARCOTIC FORFEITURE/SEIZURE FUND:PersonnelMaintenance and Operations156,923156,923-Internal Service Fund AllocationsCapital Outlay211,671211,671-Transfers Out	TOTAL HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND	6,721,612	6,726,515	4,903
Maintenance and OperationsInternal Service Fund AllocationsCapital Outlay50,00050,000-Transfers OutTOTAL PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES FUND50,00050,000-NARCOTIC FORFEITURE/SEIZURE FUND:PersonnelMaintenance and Operations156,923156,923-Internal Service Fund AllocationsCapital Outlay211,671211,671-Transfers Out				
Internal Service Fund AllocationsCapital Outlay50,00050,000-Transfers OutTOTAL PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES FUND50,00050,000-NARCOTIC FORFEITURE/SEIZURE FUND:PersonnelMaintenance and Operations156,923156,923-Internal Service Fund AllocationsCapital Outlay211,671211,671-Transfers Out		-	-	-
Capital Outlay Transfers Out50,00050,000-TOTAL PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES FUND50,00050,000-NARCOTIC FORFEITURE/SEIZURE FUND: PersonnelPersonnelMaintenance and Operations156,923156,923-Internal Service Fund AllocationsCapital Outlay211,671211,671-Transfers Out	•	-	-	-
Transfers OutTOTAL PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES FUND50,00050,000NARCOTIC FORFEITURE/SEIZURE FUND:PersonnelMaintenance and Operations156,923156,923Internal Service Fund AllocationsCapital Outlay211,671211,671Transfers Out		-	-	-
TOTAL PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES FUND50,00050,000-NARCOTIC FORFEITURE/SEIZURE FUND: PersonnelMaintenance and Operations156,923156,923Internal Service Fund AllocationsCapital Outlay211,671211,671Transfers Out	· ·	50,000	50,000	-
PersonnelMaintenance and Operations156,923-Internal Service Fund AllocationsCapital Outlay211,671211,671Transfers Out		50,000	50,000	
Maintenance and Operations156,923156,923-Internal Service Fund AllocationsCapital Outlay211,671211,671-Transfers Out	NARCOTIC FORFEITURE/SEIZURE FUND:			
Internal Service Fund Allocations     -     -     -       Capital Outlay     211,671     211,671     -       Transfers Out     -     -     -		-	-	-
Capital Outlay         211,671         211,671         -           Transfers Out         -	Maintenance and Operations	156,923	156,923	-
Transfers Out	Internal Service Fund Allocations	-	-	-
	Capital Outlay	211,671	211,671	-
TOTAL NARCOTIC FORFEITURE/SEIZURE FUND 368,594 -	Transfers Out	-	-	-
	TOTAL NARCOTIC FORFEITURE/SEIZURE FUND	368,594	368,594	-

	Fisc	al Year 2020 - 2	021
	Adopted 2020-21	Adjusted 2020-21	Increase (Decrease)
SUBDIVISION PARK TRUST FUND:			
Personnel	-	-	-
Maintenance and Operations	-	-	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	1,698,629	1,698,629	-
Transfers Out TOTAL SUBDIVISION PARK TRUST FUND	- 1,698,629	- 1,698,629	
	1,090,029	1,090,029	-
DISASTER RECOVERY FUND:			
Personnel	35,000	35,000	-
Maintenance and Operations	826,219	826,219	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	285,000	285,000	-
	-	-	
TOTAL DISASTER RECOVERY FUND:	1,146,219	1,146,219	-
CALPERS RESERVE FUND:			
Personnel	-	-	-
Maintenance and Operations Internal Service Fund Allocations	-	-	-
	-	-	-
Capital Outlay Transfers Out	-	-	-
TOTAL CALPERS RESERVE FUND			
	57 500 040	EZ E20 020	0.040
TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	57,529,810	57,539,026	9,216
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS			
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND:			
Personnel	181,937	181,937	-
Maintenance and Operations	-	-	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	8,398,703	8,398,703	-
Transfers Out	2,368,000	2,368,000	-
TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	10,948,640	10,948,640	-
MAJOR FACILITIES RECONSTRUCTION FUND:			
Personnel	-	-	-
Maintenance and Operations	-	-	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	-	-
Transfers Out TOTAL MAJOR FACILITIES RECONSTRUCTION FUND	489,286 <b>489,286</b>	489,286 <b>489,286</b>	
TOTAL MAJOR FACILITIES RECONSTRUCTION FUND	409,200	409,200	-
OPEN SPACE ACQUISITION FUND:			
Personnel	-	-	-
Maintenance and Operations	175,000	175,000	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	-	-
Transfers Out TOTAL OPEN SPACE ACQUISITION FUND	- 175,000	175,000	
	173,000	175,000	-

	Fiscal Year 2020 - 20 Adopted Adjusted	Increase	
	2020-21	2020-21	(Decrease)
TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS	11,612,926	11,612,926	-
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	164,698,699	165,004,858	306,159
ENTERPRISE FUNDS			
HARBOR TIDELANDS FUND:			
Personnel	3,855,112	3,855,112	-
Maintenance and Operations	2,272,937	2,197,937	(75,000)
Internal Service Fund Allocations	1,502,811	1,432,042	(70,769)
Capital Outlay	6,693,041	6,693,041	-
Transfers Out	96,299	96,299	-
TOTAL HARBOR TIDELANDS FUND	14,420,200	14,274,431	(145,769)
HARBOR UPLANDS FUND:			
Personnel	1,881,164	1,881,164	-
Maintenance and Operations	1,311,904	1,311,904	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	1,366,152	1,572,211	206,059
Capital Outlay	464,916	464,916	-
Transfers Out	1,650,982	1,650,982	-
TOTAL HARBOR UPLANDS FUND	6,675,118	6,881,177	206,059
SOLID WASTE FUND:			
Personnel	1,082,777	1,082,777	-
Maintenance and Operations	3,960,619	3,960,619	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	584,260	569,880	(14,380)
Capital Outlay	-	-	-
Transfers Out	-	-	-
TOTAL SOLID WASTE FUND	5,627,656	5,613,276	(14,380)
WASTEWATER FUND:			
Personnel	1,573,873	1,573,873	-
Maintenance and Operations	1,578,756	1,578,756	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	401,522	452,772	51,250
Capital Outlay	10,939,682	10,939,682	-
Transfers Out			-
TOTAL WASTEWATER FUND	14,493,833	14,545,083	51,250
TRANSIT FUND:			
Personnel	630,033	630,033	-
Maintenance and Operations	4,362,710	4,362,710	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	208,105	230,205	22,100
Capital Outlay	353,028	353,028	-
Transfers Out	-	-	-
TOTAL TRANSIT FUND	5,553,876	5,575,976	22,100
TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS	46,770,683	46,889,943	119,260

	Fisc	al Year 2020 - 2	021
	Adopted 2020-21	Adjusted 2020-21	Increase (Decrease)
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS			
SELF-INSURANCE PROGRAM FUND:			
Personnel	87,511	87,511	-
Maintenance and Operations	6,433,179	6,433,179	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	71,990	79,897	7,907
Capital Outlay Transfers Out	5,093	5,093	-
TOTAL SELF-INSURANCE PROGRAM FUND	6,597,773	6,605,680	7,907
VEHICLE REPLACEMENT FUND:			
Personnel	610,571	610,571	-
Maintenance and Operations	1,125,105	1,125,105	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	243,039	289,904	46,865
Capital Outlay	2,001,381	2,001,381	-
Transfers Out TOTAL VEHICLE REPLACEMENT FUND	3,980,096	4,026,961	- 46,865
BUILDING OCCUPANCY FUND:			
Personnel	1,369,161	1,369,161	-
Maintenance and Operations	1,358,546	1,358,546	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	446,463	468,819	22,356
Capital Outlay	-	-	-
Transfers Out TOTAL BUILDING OCCUPANCY FUND	3,174,170	3,196,526	- 22,356
	-, , -	-, -,	,
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY FUND:			
Personnel	1,296,981	1,296,981	-
Maintenance and Operations	1,879,902	1,879,902	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	436,324	457,977	21,653
Capital Outlay	1,771,970	1,771,970	-
Transfers Out TOTAL INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY FUND	<u> </u>	304 5,407,134	21,653
	3,303,401	5,407,154	21,000
EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS FUND: Personnel	2,030,215	2 020 215	
Maintenance and Operations	2,030,215	2,030,215 230,523	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	657,934	646,734	- (11,200)
Capital Outlay	21,868	21,868	(11,200)
Transfers Out	-	-	-
TOTAL EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS FUND	2,940,540	2,929,340	(11,200)
MAJOR FACILITIES REPAIR FUND:			
Personnel	-	-	-
Maintenance and Operations	-	-	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	901,748	901,748	-
Transfers Out			
TOTAL MAJOR FACILITIES REPAIR FUND	901,748	901,748	-
TOTAL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	22,979,808	23,067,389	87,581

	Fisc	al Year 2020 - 2	021
	Adopted 2020-21	Adjusted 2020-21	Increase (Decrease)
TOTAL PROPRIETARY FUNDS	69,750,491	69,957,332	206,841
	00,100,401	00,001,002	200,041
SUCCESSOR AGENCY:			
Personnel	-	-	-
Maintenance and Operations	361,900	361,900	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	-	-
Transfers Out	1,067,095	1,067,095	-
TOTAL SUCCESSOR AGENCY	1,428,995	1,428,995	-
HOUSING SUCCESSOR AGENCY:			
Personnel	200,000	200,000	-
Maintenance and Operations	80,500	80,500	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	-	-
Transfers Out	-	-	-
TOTAL HOUSING SUCCESSOR AGENCY	280,500	280,500	-
COMMUNITY FINANCING AUTHORITY:			
Personnel	-	-	-
Maintenance and Operations	1,888,344	1,888,344	-
Internal Service Fund Allocations	36,613	46,748	10,135
Capital Outlay	-	-	-
Transfers Out	2,240,000	2,240,000	
TOTAL COMMUNITY FINANCING AUTHORITY	4,164,957	4,175,092	10,135
GRAND TOTAL	240,323,642	240,846,777	523,135

Note: Adopted figures represent total appropriations including adopted appropriations, carry-over appropriations, and other Council-approved appropriations. Appropriations for capital improvement projects have been excluded.

#### FY 2020-21 MIDYEAR BUDGET RESPONSE REPORTS QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

Artesia Aviation Corridors Area Plan (AACAP)	3
Internal Service Fund Allocation	1
Lighting Along Beachfront Pedestrian Walkway	5
Pavement Rehabilitation Bonds	6
Personnel Adjustments	7
Police Department's Lobby and Records Unit Renovations	4
Vehicle Replacement Fund	2

### CITY OF REDONDO BEACH BUDGET RESPONSE REPORTS FY 2020-21 MIDYEAR BUDGET

The following is a list of questions raised regarding the FY 2020-21 Midyear Budget. The corresponding answer to each of these questions (the "Budget Response Report") follows in the sequence reflected.

	Question	No.
•	What are the City's internal service fund and overhead allocations, and what policies and procedures govern them? What are the reasons for the changes in the FY 2020-21 allocations included in the midyear budget from those in the FY 2020-21 adopted budget? And what is the opinion of the outside audit firm regarding the internal service funds?	1
	Attachment A: Administrative Policy/Procedures	1A
	Attachment B: Internal Service Funds Analysis	1B
	Attachment C: Internal Service Funds Financial Statements	1C
	How is the vehicle replacement schedule financially structured, what is the methodology for replacing City vehicles, and what is the City's current lifecycle policy schedule for vehicle replacement?	2
	Attachment A: Vehicle Life Cycle	2A
	What funding is needed to complete the environmental review and analysis necessary to consider implementing the land use and parking changes for the Artesia Aviation Corridors Area Plan (AACAP) and what is the schedule for the various work options?	3
	What conceptual design options and construction cost estimates were developed for possible renovation of the Police Department's Lobby and Records Unit area?	4
	Attachment A: Architectural Renderings of Option1 and Option 2	4A
	What would be the cost to replace the existing lighting along the beachfront pedestrian walkway between Veterans Park and Knob Hill Avenue?	5
•	What is the feasibility of the City issuing bonds for pavement rehabilitation to gain the benefit of current construction costs?	6

7

No.

#### CITY OF REDONDO BEACH Midyear Budget Response Report #1

#### February 16, 2021

#### Question:

What are the City's internal service fund and overhead allocations, and what policies and procedures govern them? What are the reasons for the changes in the FY 2020-21 allocations included in the midyear budget from those in the FY 2020-21 adopted budget? And what is the opinion of the outside audit firm regarding the internal service funds?

#### Response:

Internal service fund/overhead allocations are charges to user departments for services provided by other departments of the City. The City uses internal service fund allocations (including overhead) to determine the true cost of departmental operations. The development of internal service fund and overhead allocations is considered to be a best practice within both the private and public sectors. All twenty of the largest cities in California develop a cost allocation plan.

The City has been using its current structure of internal service fund and overhead allocations since FY2005-06 (based on recommendations from a firm retained to review the allocation process). However, the Vehicle Replacement Internal Service Fund has been in place since FY1983-84, and overhead has been charged to enterprise and other specific non-general funds for at least that long.

The City's Statements of Financial Principles were initially adopted in November 1998 and included policies regarding interfund transfers (overhead) as follows:

- Section 8(a) Transfers to the General Fund from other funds for overhead costs shall be reviewed annually and shall conform to OMB (Office of Management & Budget) A-87 guidelines<sup>1</sup>.
- Section 8(b) All City funds, including eligible grant funds, shall share the administrative costs borne by the General Fund.

In 2009, the Mayor and City Council approved adding the following policies to the Statements of Financial Principles. The additional policies give further clarification to the methodologies used by Redondo Beach in calculating its allocations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In OMB A-87 (Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments), the federal government establishes the rules underlying the development of cost allocation plans. Plans prepared following the OMB A-87 guidelines can be used for federal grant administrative cost recovery.

- Section 8(c) Internal service funds and central service departments shall retain the costs of using services provided by other City departments.
- Section 8(d) Allocations among funds and departments shall be based on prior fiscal year-end actual expenses and distributed using fair and justifiable statistics.

In 2010, the City issued an Administrative Policy / Procedures (APP) regarding internal service fund and overhead allocations to address expenses included in the allocations, methodologies used to make these allocations, and a brief description of how these amounts were calculated. Attachment 1 is the most recently updated APP. This APP is currently being reviewed/updated by Moss Adams, the City's internal auditor, for possible revisions in regards to best practices.

Also attached are City-wide variance analyses comparing allocations in the FY 2020-21 midyear budget to the FY 2020-21 adopted budget. Attachment 2-A is an analysis of each internal service fund/overhead allocation, and Attachment 2-B is an analysis of the impact from these allocations to each fund's proposed expenditures and revenues. Explanations for increases/decreases are included. In total, internal service fund and overhead allocations have increased three percent (3%) primarily due to increased allocations for emergency communications operations as a result of a new methodology whereby pension and other post-employment benefit (OPEB) liabilities are averaged together with increased maintenance/implementation costs for computer aided dispatch (CAD) software.

Beginning with the audit of the FY 2011-12 financials, a report on the internal service funds was issued with the other audit reports. Attachment 3 is a copy of the FY 2019-20 report prepared by Lance, Soll & Lunghard. The report includes a clean opinion from the audit firm.

# Attachments:

Attachment A – APP Attachment B – Internal Service Fund Analysis Attachment C – Internal Service Funds Financial Statements

		Attachment A
CITY OF REDO	NDO BEACH	ADMINISTRATIVE POLICY/PROCEDURES (APP)
Number:	3.18	Subject: Internal Service Fund/Overhead Allocations
Original Issue: 2/17/10	Effective: 2/17/10	
Previous Issue: 5/28/13	Effective: 2/20/18	Category: Finance, Accounting and Payroll
Supersedes: Not Applica	ble	

# I. PURPOSE AND SCOPE

To establish policy and procedures for allocating internal service fund and overhead charges.

# II. GENERAL

- A. Internal service fund/overhead allocations are charges to user departments for services provided by other departments of the City.
- B. The City of Redondo Beach uses internal service fund allocations (including overhead) to determine the true cost of departmental operations.
- C. The City of Redondo Beach follows Section 8 of its Statements of Financial Principles in allocating internal service funds and overhead.
  - Transfers to the General Fund from other funds for overhead costs shall be reviewed annually and shall conform to OMB (Office of Management & Budget) A-87 guidelines.
  - All City funds, including eligible grant funds, shall share the administrative costs borne by the General Fund.
  - Internal service funds and central service departments shall retain the costs of using services provided by other City departments.
  - 4. Allocations among funds and departments shall be based on prior fiscal year-end actual expenses and distributed using fair and justifiable statistics.
- D. The City of Redondo Beach currently has the following internal service funds:
  - 1. Self-Insurance Program Fund
    - a. Liability and Property Insurance
    - b. Workers' Compensation

- 2. Vehicle Replacement Fund
  - a. Vehicle Maintenance
  - b. Vehicle Replacement
- 3. Building Occupancy Fund
- 4. Information Technology Fund
  - a. Information Technology
  - b. Information Technology Replacement
- 5. Emergency Communications Fund
  - a. Emergency Communications
  - b. Emergency Communications Equipment Replacement
  - 6. Major Facilities Repair Fund
  - 7. City Facility Sewer Fee
- E. Overhead is charged to departments receiving services from the following support departments/divisions.
  - 1. Mayor and City Council
  - 2. City Clerk
  - 3. City Treasurer
  - 4. City Attorney
  - 5. City Manager
  - 6. Human Resources
  - 7. Financial Services
  - 8. Police Administration
  - 9. Fire Administration
  - 10. Community Services Administration
  - 11. Public Works Administration
- III. PROCEDURES

#### A. Self-Insurance Program Fund

The Risk Management Division of the Human Resources Department shall be responsible for the Self-Insurance Program Fund, which accounts for the cost of providing liability and property, workers' compensation and unemployment insurances. While unemployment insurance is accounted for as a personnel cost, rather than an internal service fund allocation, allocations for liability and property insurance and workers' compensation insurance are in two separate categories. Each category is charged to departments at a rate that fully recuperates the annual cost of the insurance reflected in the Self-Insurance Program Fund. The specific categories of expense and the statistics used to allocate these expenses are detailed below. Allocated costs also include Risk Management's personnel costs, contracts and professional services, and internal service fund/overhead allocations, which directly support the insurance function.

### 1. Liability and Property Insurance

- a. Expenses included in this category are:
  - 1) Liability and property insurance annual premium expenses
  - Liability and property insurance claims based on a five-year average (avoids spikes in allocations)
- b. Statistics used to determine the allocation amount to user departments/divisions are:
  - 1) Current value of the structure occupied
  - Claims paid for the structure occupied or activity performed
  - 3) Square footage of the structure occupied

#### Workers' Compensation

2

- Expenses included in this category are:
  - Workers' compensation insurance annual premium expenses
  - Workers' compensation claims based on a five-year average (avoids spikes in allocations)
- b. Statistics used to determine the allocation amount to user departments/divisions are:
  - 1) Full-time and part-time salaries
  - Claims paid for each department's specific employees

B. Vehicle Replacement Fund

The Fleet Services Division of the Public Works Department shall be responsible for the Vehicle Replacement Fund, which accounts for the cost of maintaining and replacing vehicles. Allocations are in two separate categories, vehicle maintenance and vehicle replacement. Each category is charged to departments at a rate that fully recuperates the annual cost of operating and replacing City vehicles reflected in the Vehicle Replacement Fund. The specific categories of expense and the statistics used to allocate these expenses are detailed below.

- 1. Vehicle Maintenance
  - Fleet Services' expenses included in this category are:
    - 1) Personnel
    - 2) Maintenance and operations (including fuel and parts)
    - Internal service fund/overhead allocations which directly support the vehicle maintenance function
  - Statistics used to determine the allocation amount to user departments/divisions are:
    - 1) Historical vehicle maintenance hours
    - Actual fuel consumption

# . Vehicle Replacement

- a. Each year, the Fleet Services Division sets aside specific amounts to fund the replacement of vehicles. The methodology used to determine the appropriate amount to be set aside is the original vehicle cost (with a future replacement inflation factor of 3% compounded annually) amortized over the vehicle's useful life.
- b. The specific vehicle(s) utilized by each user department is/are used to determine the allocation amount.

# C. Building Occupancy Fund

The Building Maintenance Division of the Public Works Department shall be responsible for the Building Occupancy Fund, which accounts for the cost of maintaining and improving City buildings. Allocations are charged to departments at a rate that fully recuperates the annual building maintenance and improvement costs. The specific categories of expense and the statistics used to allocate these expenses are detailed below.

- . Building Maintenance's expenses included in the fund are:
  - a. Personnel

 Custodial personnel (excluded from allocations to facilities which do not utilize custodial services provided by the Building Maintenance Division)

- 2) Maintenance personnel
- b. Maintenance and operations (including utilities)
- c. Internal service fund/overhead allocations
- d. Capital outlay
- Statistics used to determine the allocation amount to user departments/divisions are:
  - a. Square footage occupied
  - b. Usage of utilities
  - c. Usage of contracts
  - d. Usage of materials and supplies

#### D. Information Technology Fund

2.

The Information Technology Department shall be responsible for the Information Technology Fund, which accounts for the cost of maintaining and replacing City computer, telecommunications, and duplicating equipment and providing duplicating services. Allocations are in two separate categories. Each category is charged to departments at a rate that fully recuperates the annual maintenance and replacement costs reflected in the Information Technology Fund. The specific categories of expense and the statistics used to allocate these expenses are detailed below.

- Information Technology
  - a. Information Technology expenses included in this category are:
    - 1) Personnel

- Maintenance and operations (including PC and laptop leases and telephone utility costs)
- Internal service fund/overhead allocations which directly support the information technology function
- Statistics used to determine the allocation amount to each user department/division are:
  - Number of computers and computer-related equipment
  - Number of telephones and telecom-related items
- 2. Information Technology Replacement
  - a. Each year, the Information Technology Department sets aside specific amounts to fund the replacement of equipment. The methodology used to determine the appropriate amount to be set aside is the original equipment cost (with a future replacement inflation factor of 3% compounded annually) amortized over the equipment's useful life.
  - b. Statistics used to determine the allocation amount to user departments/divisions are:
    - Replacement cost for equipment that can be specifically identified to a department (e.g., plotters and large scanners)
    - Number of computers, computer-related equipment, telephones, and telecom-related items is used to allocate equipment that cannot be identified directly to a department (e.g., servers and the telephone switch)

# E. Emergency Communications Fund

The Support Services Bureau Captain of the Police Department shall be responsible for the Emergency Communications Fund, which accounts for the cost of providing emergency dispatch services for the Police and Fire Departments and replacement of communications equipment for the Police, Fire and Public Works Departments. Allocations are in two separate categories, emergency communications and emergency communications equipment replacement. Each category is charged at a rate that fully recuperates the annual cost of providing emergency dispatch services and replacing the communications equipment reflected in the Emergency Communications Fund. The specific categories of expense and the statistics used to allocate these expenses are detailed below.

- Emergency Communications
  - Emergency Communications Unit expenses included in the fund are:

- 1) Personnel
- 2) Maintenance and operations
- Internal service fund/overhead allocations which directly support the emergency communications function
- Statistics used to determine the allocation amounts to both Police and Fire Departments are:
  - 1) Number of Police and Fire emergency calls from the public
  - Time length of Police and Fire emergency calls from the public
  - Required dispatch staffing
- Emergency Communications Equipment Replacement
  - a. Each year the Communications Unit sets aside specific amounts to fund the replacement of equipment. The methodology used to determine the appropriate amount to be set aside is the original equipment cost (with a future replacement inflation factor of 3% compounded annually) amortized over the equipment's useful life.
  - Equipment assigned to the Police, Fire and Public Works departments (with the dispatch equipment assigned to the Police Department) is used to determine the allocation amount

# F. Major Facilities Repair Fund

The Building Maintenance Division of the Public Works Department shall be responsible for the Major Facilities Repair Fund, which accounts for the cost of making major repairs to City facilities. This fund is charged to departments at a rate that fully recuperates the annual cost of facility repairs charged to the Major Facilities Repair Fund. The calculated annual dollar amount of the fund and the statistics used to allocate these expenses are detailed below.

- Each year, the Building Maintenance Division sets aside a specific amount to fund major repairs. The methodology used to determine the appropriate amount to be set aside is two percent of one year's depreciation (over a 45-year life) of the insured value of City facilities.
- 2. Square footage occupied by each user department

#### G. City Facility Sewer Fee

The Engineering Division of the Public Works Department shall be responsible for the City Facility Sewer Fee, which accounts for the cost of providing wastewater collection and conveyance services to City facility sewer connections. This fee is charged to departments for use of the City's sewer infrastructure. The calculated annual dollar amount of the fee and the statistics used to determine this expense are detailed below.

- 1. The institutional sewer rate is used to calculate the amount of sewer charges.
- 2. Statistics used to determine the allocation amount to departments/divisions residing in City facilities are:
  - Annual water usage for departments/divisions that are single occupants of a facility (e.g., Police Department and Fire Department)
  - b. Square footage occupied for departments/divisions sharing a facility
  - c. Number of budgeted full-time employees for departments/divisions sharing a facility

# H. Overhead

- Per the City's Statements of Financial Principles, all support departments' operating expenses which conform to OMB A-87 guidelines are included in the allocation.
- Charts of the allocated services rendered by each support department and the allocation bases for these activities allocated follow.

Service	Allocation Methodology
Departmental assistance	Number of budgeted full-time employees
Records management	Number of budgeted full-time employees

a. City Clerk

b. City Treasurer

Service	Allocation Methodology
Departmental auditing	Number of budgeted full-time employees
Tax administration	Percentage of total General Fund actual expenditures

c. City Manager

Service	Allocation Methodology
Budgeting	Number of budget account numbers
Economic development	Percentage of total non-housing Redevelopment Agency expenditures
City sponsored events	Number of budgeted full-time employees
Human resources	Hours of support to the Human Resources Department
General City support	<ul><li>1/2: Number of budgeted full-time employees</li><li>1/2: Percentage of total actual expenditures</li></ul>
Oversight Board	Percentage of total non-housing Redevelopment Agency expenditures

# d. Human Resources

Service	Allocation Methodology
Employee support	Number of budgeted full-time employees

# e. Financial Services

Service	Allocation Methodology
Accounts payable	Number of accounts payable transactions
Accounts receivable	Number of accounts receivable transactions
Purchasing	Number of purchase orders
Cashiering	Number of cash receipts
Budgeting	Number of budget account numbers
Fixed assets	Number of budgeted full-time employees
CAFR preparation	Number of budget account numbers
General ledger administration	Number of budget account numbers
Bank reconciliation	Number of bank accounts
Grants administration	Time spent on departmental grants
Payroll	Number of budgeted full-time employees
MUNIS support	Number of budgeted full-time employees

# f. Police Administration

Service	Allocation Methodology	
Division support	<ul><li>1/2: Number of budgeted full-time employees</li><li>1/2: Percentage of total actual expenditures</li></ul>	

# g. Fire Administration

Service	Allocation Methodology	
Division support	<ul><li>1/2: Number of budgeted full-time employees</li><li>1/2: Percentage of total actual expenditures</li></ul>	

h. Community Services Administration

Service	Allocation Methodology	
Division support	Hours of support	

i. Public Works Administration

Service	Allocation Methodology	
Division support	<ul><li>1/2: Number of budgeted full-time employees</li><li>1/2: Percentage of total actual expenditures</li></ul>	

- 3. Although not charged to departments (in accordance with OMB A-87 guidelines), when calculating user fees, the full cost of the items in Number 4 below is allocated to the fees.
- 4. A chart of the additional services rendered by each support department which are included only in the full cost allocation plan follows.

Department	Service
Mayor and City Council	Departmental assistance
City Clerk	Agenda and minute preparation
City Clerk	Board and commission support
City Clerk	Fair Political Practices Commission coordination

Department	Service
City Clerk	Legal notice coordination
City Attorney	In-house legal support
City Attorney	Outside legal support
City Manager	Agenda preparation
City Treasurer	Investment administration

# IV. EXCEPTIONS

There will be no exceptions to this policy unless provided and approved by the City Manager.

# V. AUTHORITY

By authority of the City Manager.

Joe Hoefgen City Manager

Internal Service Funds	20-21 Adopted Budget Amounts (Based on 18-19 Actuals)		% Inc/Dec	Explanation for Increase/Decrease	Allocation Methodology Improvements
Vehicle Maintenance	2,468,487	2,063,737	-16%	Decreased allocated costs with allocation methodology improvement	To reduce large fluctions in allocated expenditures, the expenditures for changes in pension and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liabilities have been averaged over a five- year term.
Vehicle Equipment Replacement	790,293	900,382	14%	Increased allocations for vehicles to be replaced in FY 2020-21 to ensure full funding at time of replacement	No change
Information Technology Maintenance	3,505,574	3,484,682	-1%	n/a - Expected increase / decrease	To reduce large fluctions in allocated expenditures, the expenditures for changes in pension and OPEB liabilities have been averaged over a five-year term.
Information Technology Equipment Replacement	-	-	0%	n/a - Expected increase / decrease	No change

Internal Service Funds	20-21 Adopted Budget Amounts (Based on 18-19 Actuals)	20-21 Midyear Budget Amounts (Based on 19-20 Actuals)	% Inc/Dec	Explanation for Increase/Decrease	Allocation Methodology Improvements
Communications Equipment Replacement	486,756	487,684	0%	n/a - Expected increase / decrease	No change
Workers' Compensation Insurance	3,554,337	3,797,440	7%	Increased workers' compensation claims payable per the actuarial study of the City's workers' compensation self-insurance program	To reduce large fluctions in allocated expenditures, the expenditures for changes in pension and OPEB liabilities have been averaged over a five-year term.
Liability Insurance	4,250,701	4,272,072	1%	n/a - Expected increase / decrease	To reduce large fluctions in allocated expenditures, the expenditures for changes in pension and OPEB liabilities have been averaged over a five-year term.
Building Occupancy	3,277,446	3,507,846	7%	Increased allocated costs with allocation methodology improvement	To reduce large fluctions in allocated expenditures, the expenditures for changes in pension and OPEB liabilities have been averaged over a five-year term.

Internal Service Funds		20-21 Midyear Budget Amounts (Based on 19-20 Actuals)	% Inc/Dec	Explanation for Increase/Decrease	Allocation Methodology Improvements
Major Facilities Repair	91,543	107,076	17%	Addition of the concrete municipal pier as an insured City facility	No change
City Facility Sewer Fee	47,765	43,014	-10%	Decreased water usage at all City facilities	No change
Emergency Communications Operations	2,965,521	3,720,063	25%	1) Increased allocated costs with allocation methodology improvement and 2) increased maintenance / implementation costs for computer aided dispatch (CAD) software	To reduce large fluctions in allocated expenditures, the expenditures for changes in pension and OPEB liabilities have been averaged over a five-year term.
Overhead	9,417,289	9,379,851	0%	n/a - Expected increase / decrease	No change
Totals	30,855,712	31,763,847	3%		

	А	В	C = B - A	D	E = C - D	
Funds	20-21 Adopted Budget Amounts (Based on 18-19 Actuals)	20-21 Midyear Budget Amounts (Based on 19-20 Actuals)	Expenditure Inc/(Dec)	Revenue Inc/(Dec)	Net Inc/(Dec) to Expenditures	Explanation for Increase/Decrease
General	24,034,464	24,641,407	606,943	(37,438)	644,381	Increased allocations for emergency communications operations as a result of 1) new methodology whereby pension and OPEB liabilities are averaged and 2) increased maintenance / implementation costs for computer aided dispatch (CAD) software
State Gas Tax	396,356	394,485	(1,871)	-	(1,871)	n/m
Street Landscaping and Lighting	266,785	267,243	458	-	458	n/m
Measure M	374	-	(374)	-	(374)	n/m
Proposition C	2,062	2,151	89	-	89	n/m

	Α	В	C = B - A	D	E = C - D	
Funds	20-21 Adopted Budget Amounts (Based on 18-19 Actuals)		Expenditure Inc/(Dec)	Revenue Inc/(Dec)	Net Inc/(Dec) to Expenditures	Explanation for Increase/Decrease
Measure W	47,889	54,072	6,183	-	6,183	n/m
Air Quality Improvement	5,250	5,078	(172)	-	(172)	n/m
Housing Authority	147,319	152,222	4,903	-	4,903	n/m
Harbor Tidelands	1,502,811	1,432,042	(70,769)	-	(70,769)	Decreased overhead allocations with fewer expenditures
Harbor Uplands	1,366,152	1,572,211	206,059	-	206,059	Increased allocations for liability insurance premiums with the addition of the concrete municipal pier as an insured City facility

	Α	В	C = B - A	D	E = C - D	
Funds	20-21 Adopted Budget Amounts (Based on 18-19 Actuals)	20-21 Midyear Budget Amounts (Based on 19-20 Actuals)	Expenditure Inc/(Dec)	Revenue Inc/(Dec)	Net Inc/(Dec) to Expenditures	Explanation for Increase/Decrease
Solid Waste	584,260	569,880	(14,380)	-	(14,380)	Decreased allocations for vehicle maintenance with fewer vehicle maintenance labor hours for street sweepers
Wastewater	401,522	452,772	51,250	(4,751)	56,001	Increased overhead allocations with greater percentage of full-time budgeted employees
Transit	208,105	230,205	22,100	-	22,100	Increased overhead allocations with greater percentage of full-time budgeted employees
Self-Insurance Program	71,990	79,897	7,907	264,474	(256,567)	Increased revenue from higher workers' compensation insurance allocations with increased claims payable per the actuarial study of the City's workers' compensation self-insurance program
Vehicle Replacement	243,039	289,904	46,865	(294,661)	341,526	Decreased revenue from vehicle maintenance allocations relecting new methodology whereby pension and OPEB liabilities are averaged

	Α	В	C = B - A	D	E = C - D	
Funds	20-21 Adopted Budget Amounts (Based on 18-19 Actuals)	20-21 Midyear Budget Amounts (Based on 19-20 Actuals)	Expenditure Inc/(Dec)	Revenue Inc/(Dec)	Net Inc/(Dec) to Expenditures	Explanation for Increase/Decrease
Building Occupancy	446,463	468,819	22,356	230,400	(208,044)	Increased revenue from building occupancy allocations relecting new methodology whereby pension and OPEB liabilities are averaged
Information Technology	436,324	457,977	21,653	(20,892)	42,545	Decreased revenue from information technology maintenance allocations relecting new methodology whereby pension and OPEB liabilities are averaged / Increased overhead allocations with greater percentage of full-time budgeted employees
Emergency Communications	657,934	646,734	(11,200)	755,470	(766,670)	Increased revenue from emergency communications operations allocations as a result of 1) new methodology whereby pension and OPEB liabilities are averaged and 2) increased maintenance / implementation costs for computer aided dispatch (CAD) software
Major Facilities Repair	-	-	-	15,533	(15,533)	Increased revenue from liability insurance premiums with the addition of the concrete municipal pier as an insured City facility
Community Financing Authority	36,613	46,748	10,135	-	10,135	Increased allocations for liability insurance premiums with higher insured value of the Kincaid's restaurant building

	А	В	C = B - A	D	E = C - D	
Funds	20-21 Adopted Budget Amounts (Based on 18-19 Actuals)	20-21 Midyear Budget Amounts (Based on 19-20 Actuals)		Revenue Inc/(Dec)	Net Inc/(Dec) to Expenditures	Explanation for Increase/Decrease
Totals	30,855,712	31,763,847	908,135	908,135	-	



# CITY OF REDONDO BEACH, CALIFORNIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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# CITY OF REDONDO BEACH, CALIFORNIA

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# CITY OF REDONDO BEACH

# INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Redondo Beach, California

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Internal Service Funds of the City of Redondo Beach, California, (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.





To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Redondo Beach, California

# Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Internal Service Funds of the City of Redondo Beach, California, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 8, 2020 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

# Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the internal service funds activities of the City, and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City as of June 30, 2020, the changes in its financial position, or when applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP

Brea, California December 8, 2020

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Redondo Beach (the "City"), we offer readers of the Internal Service Funds' financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Internal Service Funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information contained within the financial statements.

# OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as the introduction to the Internal Service Funds' basic financial statements. The Internal Service Funds' financial statements are comprised of two parts; (1) the Basic Financial Statements, and (2) the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

<u>Basic Financial Statements</u>: The Basic Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Internal Service Funds' finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

*The Statement of Net Positions* presents information on all the Internal Service Funds' assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Internal Service Funds is improving or deteriorating.

*The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position* provides a more detailed disclosure as to the nature of the Internal Service Funds' revenues and expenses during the fiscal year. This statement provides information on the financial activity that resulted in the change of net position.

*The Statement of Cash Flows* provides information regarding the cash flow activities of the Internal Service Funds during the fiscal year. As Internal Service Funds, transactions are recorded using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the related liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. This statement provides information on the sources and uses of cash during the fiscal year, which may differ from activities as reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Change in Net Position.

The above statements are provided in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34.

<u>Financial Analysis:</u> The Internal Service Funds' net position as reported on the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2020 is \$6.5 million. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources of \$42.9 million includes \$30.8 million in cash and investments and approximately \$0.6 million in other current assets (accounts receivable and prepaid costs) combined with capital assets of \$10.0 million, and deferred outflows related to pensions and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) of \$1.4 million. Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of \$36.3 million consist primarily of claims and judgments in the amount of \$24.7 million, net pension liability of \$8.8 million, net OPEB liability of \$1.0 million, and accounts payable of \$1.0 million. Following is a summary schedule showing the components that make up the Internal Service Funds' net position at June 30, 2020 and 2019.

	Internal Service Funds		
	2020	2019	
Current and Other Assets	\$31,432,088	\$28,507,932	
Capital Assets, Net Depreciation	9,999,325	9,921,771	
Total Assets	41,431,413	38,429,703	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,443,506	1,270,269	
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding	33,498,449	30,499,157	
Other Liabilities	2,443,724	4,917,867	
Total Liabilities	35,942,173	35,417,024	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	390,636	266,907	
Net position			
Investment in capital assets	9,812,738	9,921,771	
Unrestricted	(3,270,628)	(5,905,730)	
Total net position	\$ 6,542,110	\$ 4,016,041	

# **Statement of Net Position**

The Internal Service Funds' primary source of program revenues is charges to user City departments to recover costs of providing services to the departments. For the year ended June 30, 2020, total program revenues for the Internal Service Funds were \$23.1 million. Expenses for the Internal Service Funds totaled \$20.6 million resulting in a change in net position of \$2.5 million. The Internal Service Funds' largest expenses are for workers' compensation claims and personnel, which totaled \$3.2 million and \$7.2 million, respectively. Following is a summary schedule showing the components that make up the Internal Service Funds' changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Changes	in	Net	Position
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	Internal Service Funds		
	2020	2019	
Operating Revenues	\$23,087,731	\$23,289,138	
Operating Expenses	20,337,423	22,068,197	
Operating Income (Loss)	2,750,308	1,220,941	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(224,239)	19,352	
Transfers	-	(592,723)	
Changes in Net Position	2,526,069	647,570	
Net Position, Beginning of Year	4,016,041	3,368,471	
Net Position, End of Year	6,542,110	4,016,041	

# ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The City Council has adopted a balanced fiscal year 2020-2021 operating budget for the Internal Service Funds with total funding of \$21.6 million and total expenditures of \$20.0 million. The June 30, 2021 net position is estimated to be \$3.8 million.

# REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Internal Service Funds' finances. Questions concerning any of the information in this report, or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the City's Financial Services Department at 415 Diamond Street, Redondo Beach CA 90277, phone 310-318-0683 or email FinanceMail@redondo.org.

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Vehicle Replacement	Building Occupancy	Information Technology
Assets:			
Current: Cash and investments	\$ 8,229,401	\$ 2,259,422	\$ 2,339,343
Receivables:	φ 0,229,401	φ 2,209,422	φ 2,339,343
Accounts	41,520	-	-
Prepaid costs	-	-	20,592
Due from other governments			
Total Current Assets	8,270,921	2,259,422	2,359,935
Noncurrent:			
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	6,895,411	170,337	838,432
Total Noncurrent Assets	6,895,411	170,337	838,432
Total Assets	15,166,332	2,429,759	3,198,367
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Deferred pension related items	145,114	341,189	298,865
Deferred OPEB related items	28,328	59,084	58,679
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	173,442	400,273	357,544
Liabilities:			
Current:			
Accounts payable	108,305	135,098	68,035
Accrued compensated absences	4,432	11,119	21,401
Accrued claims and judgments	-	-	-
Bonds, notes, and capital leases	-		93,293
Total Current Liabilities	112,737	146,217	182,729
Noncurrent:			
Accrued compensated absences	22,592	56,680	109,092
Accrued claims and judgments	-	-	-
Net pension liability	1,057,631	2,486,692	2,178,217
Net OPEB Liability	116,921	243,865	242,194
Bonds, notes, and capital leases			93,294
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,197,144	2,787,237	2,622,797
Total Liabilities	1,309,881	2,933,454	2,805,526
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Deferred pension related items	19,863	46,704	40,910
Deferred OPEB related items	26,475	55,219	54,841
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	46,338	101,923	95,751
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	6,895,411	170,337	651,845
Unrestricted	7,088,144	(375,682)	2,789
Total Net Position	\$ 13,983,555	\$ (205,345)	\$ 654,634

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Self- Insurance Program	mergency munications	Major Facilities Repair	Totals
Assets:		 		 
Current:				
Cash and investments	\$ 14,201,733	\$ 2,760,112	\$ 993,978	\$ 30,783,989
Receivables:				
Accounts	-	-	-	41,520
Prepaid costs Due from other governments	584,373	-	-	604,965 1,614
Due nom other governments	1,614	 		 1,014
Total Current Assets	14,787,720	 2,760,112	993,978	 31,432,088
Noncurrent:				
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	45,361	 1,824,333	225,451	 9,999,325
Total Noncurrent Assets	45,361	 1,824,333	225,451	 9,999,325
Total Assets	14,833,081	 4,584,445	1,219,429	 41,431,413
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Deferred pension related items	43,189	373,149	-	1,201,506
Deferred OPEB related items	10,926	 84,983		 242,000
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	54,115	 458,132		 1,443,506
Liabilities:				
Current:				
Accounts payable	620,710	29,195	728	962,071
Accrued compensated absences	1,367	20,164	-	58,483
Accrued claims and judgments	1,329,877	-	-	1,329,877
Bonds, notes, and capital leases	-	 -		 93,293
Total Current Liabilities	1,951,954	 49,359	728	 2,443,724
Noncurrent:				
Accrued compensated absences	6,970	102,790	-	298,124
Accrued claims and judgments	23,351,255	-	-	23,351,255
Net pension liability	314,771	2,719,623	-	8,756,934
Net OPEB Liability	45,098	350,764	-	998,842
Bonds, notes, and capital leases		 -		 93,294
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	23,718,094	 3,173,177		 33,498,449
Total Liabilities	25,670,048	 3,222,536	728	 35,942,173
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Deferred pension related items	5,910	51,077	-	164,464
Deferred OPEB related items	10,212	 79,425		 226,172
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	16,122	 130,502		 390,636
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets	45,361	1,824,333	225,451	9,812,738
		, ,		
Unrestricted	(10,844,335)	 (134,794)	993,250	 (3,270,628)

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Vehicle Replacement	Building Occupancy	Information Technology
<b>Operating Revenues:</b> Sales and service charges Miscellaneous	\$ 4,049,072 68,013	\$ 3,277,446 25,120	\$ 4,054,480 4,948
Total Operating Revenues	4,117,085	3,302,566	4,059,428
Operating Expenses:			
Administration and general	934,883	1,076,754	502,311
Personnel services	767,576	1,908,095	1,525,490
Contractual services	47,091	293,072	1,164,905
Internal service charges	259,915	522,576	457,690
Depreciation expense	1,303,616	11,750	142,536
Total Operating Expenses	3,313,081	3,812,247	3,792,932
Operating Income (Loss)	804,004	(509,681)	266,496
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(224,239)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(224,239)	<u> </u>	
Changes in Net Position	579,765	(509,681)	266,496
Net Position:			
Beginning of Year	13,403,790	304,336	388,138
End of Fiscal Year	\$ 13,983,555	\$ (205,345)	\$ 654,634

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Self- Insurance Program	Emergency Communications	Major Facilities Repair	Totals
Operating Revenues:				
Sales and service charges	\$ 8,064,832	\$ 3,452,277	\$ 91,543	\$ 22,989,650
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	98,081
Total Operating Revenues	8,064,832	3,452,277	91,543	23,087,731
Operating Expenses:				
Administration and general	4,937,002	49,163	-	7,500,113
Personnel services	277,581	2,725,669	-	7,204,411
Contractual services	227,942	204,845	-	1,937,855
Internal service charges	72,230	698,433	-	2,010,844
Depreciation expense		226,298		1,684,200
Total Operating Expenses	5,514,755	3,904,408		20,337,423
Operating Income (Loss)	2,550,077	(452,131)	91,543	2,750,308
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets				(224,239)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>-</u>			(224,239)
Changes in Net Position	2,550,077	(452,131)	91,543	2,526,069
Net Position:				
Beginning of Year	(13,349,051)	2,141,670	1,127,158	4,016,041
End of Fiscal Year	\$ (10,798,974)	\$ 1,689,539	\$ 1,218,701	\$ 6,542,110

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Vehicle Replacement	Building Occupancy	Information Technology
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 4,130,054	\$ 3,302,566	\$ 4,073,828
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(1,184,547)	(1,869,452)	(2,243,398)
Cash paid to employees for services	(606,906)	(1,249,967)	(1,186,778)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	2,338,601	183,147	643,652
Cash Flows from Capital			
and Related Financing Activities:	(4.050.404)		(440.074)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(1,259,491)	-	(449,371)
Principal paid on capital debt	-	-	(93,293)
Interest paid on capital debt	-	-	-
Proceeds from capital debt issued	-	-	279,880
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	65,598		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by			
Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,193,893)		(262,784)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash			
and Cash Equivalents	1,144,708	183,147	380,868
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	7,084,693	2,076,275	1,958,475
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 8,229,401	\$ 2,259,422	\$ 2,339,343
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash			
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 804,004	\$ (509,681)	\$ 266,496
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation	1,303,616	11,750	142,536
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	12,969	-	14,400
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments	-	-	-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflow pension related items	(10,938)	(84,578)	(24,640)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflow OPEB related items	1,193	4,362	(80)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense	6,228	-	(18,585)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	57,661	44,450	(97,007)
Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments	-	-	-
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	149,136	749,196	321,481
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability	(6,547)	(21,500)	(2,900)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflow pension related items	6,057	20,300	12,695
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflow OPEB related items	7,171	13,728	16,520
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	8,051	(44,880)	12,736
Total Adjustments	1,534,597	692,828	377,156
Net Cash Provided (Used) by			
Operating Activities	\$ 2,338,601	\$ 183,147	\$ 643,652

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Self- Insurance Program	Emergency Communications	Major Facilities Repair	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 8,063,230	\$ 3,452,277	\$ 91,543	\$ 23,113,498
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(6,949,057)	(1,045,001)	-	(13,291,455)
Cash paid to employees for services	(461,423)	(2,165,098)	-	(5,670,172)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	652,750	242,178	91,543	4,151,871
Cash Flows from Capital				
and Related Financing Activities:				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	-	(118,000)	(224,001)	(2,050,863)
Principal paid on capital debt	-	-	-	(93,293)
Interest paid on capital debt	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from capital debt issued	-	-	-	279,880
Proceeds from sale of capital assets				65,598
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(118,000)	(224,001)	(1,798,678)
Capital and Related Financing Activities		(110,000)	(224,001)	(1,790,070)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	652,750	124,178	(132,458)	2,353,193
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	13,548,983	2,635,934	1,126,436	28,430,796
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 14,201,733	\$ 2,760,112	\$ 993,978	\$ 30,783,989
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	<b>A</b> 0.550.077	<b>•</b> (450.404)	<b>0</b>	<b>A</b> 0 750 000
Operating income (loss)	\$ 2,550,077	\$ (452,131)	\$ 91,543	\$ 2,750,308
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation	-	226,298	-	1,684,200
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	12	-	-	27,381
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments	(1,614)	-	-	(1,614)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflow pension related items	(2,937)	(55,321)	-	(178,414)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflow OPEB related items	89	(387)	-	5,177
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense	(584,373)	-	-	(596,730)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(398,798)	(89,505)	-	(483,199)
Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments	(955,682)	-	-	(955,682)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	42,223	567,627	-	1,829,663
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability	(972)	(3,055)	-	(34,974)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflow pension related items	1,769	18,375	-	59,196
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflow OPEB related items Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	3,009 (53)	24,105 6,172	-	64,533 (17,974)
	<u>.</u>			· · · · ·
Total Adjustments	(1,897,327)	694,309		1,401,563
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 652,750	\$ 242,178	\$ 91,543	\$ 4,151,871
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### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the City of Redondo Beach Internal Service Funds (City) conform to the generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). A summary of the Internal Service Fund's more significant accounting policies follows:

The accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position or results of operations of the City, taken as a whole.

# a. Financial Reporting Entity

These funds are used to account for interdepartmental operations where it is the stated intent that costs of providing services to the departments of the City on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily by charges to the user departments.

### b. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

Internal Service Funds financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each Internal Service Fund.

Internal Service Funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses have been recorded as revenue and provisions have been made for uncollectible amounts.

Operating revenues in the Internal Service Funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as nonoperating expenses.

#### c. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds, except for funds required to be held by fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated on an accounting period basis to the various funds based on the period-end cash and investments balances. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

For more information on the City's cash and investments as of June 30, 2020, please see the City of Redondo Beach's audited financial statements.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows of the proprietary fund types, cash and cash equivalents include all investments, as the City operates an internal cash management pool which maintains the general characteristics of a demand deposit account.

#### d. Prepaid Items

Certain interdepartmental payments reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

#### e. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements, equipment, furniture, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable internal service funds. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated.

City policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at the following:

General Capital Assets	\$ 5,000
Infrastructure Capital Assets	25,000
Buildings, Parking Structures and Parking Lots	100,000

Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the assets as follows:

Assets	Years
Buildings and Improvements	5-45
Equipment	5-20
Vehicles	4-20

Interest accrued during capital assets construction, if any, is capitalized for funds as part of the asset cost.

#### f. Compensated Absences Payable

Vacation pay is payable to employees at the time a vacation is taken or upon termination of employment. Employees may accrue from two to three times their annual accrual rate. Upon termination an employee will be paid for any unused accrued vacation pay. Sick leave is payable when an employee is unable to work because of illness. Unused sick leave is forfeited upon termination.

#### g. Claims and Judgments Payable

The short-term and long-term claims are reported as liabilities in the Self-Insurance Program Internal Service Fund. The liability the amount of settlement reached, but unpaid, related to claims and judgments entered.

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### h. Net Position

In the Internal Service Funds, net position is classified in the following categories:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> - This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - This amount is all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

#### i. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. In addition, estimates affect the reports amount of expenses. Actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions.

#### j. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City only has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. Firstly, the City also has deferred outflows related to pensions, which arises only under a full accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, this item (pension related items), is reported only in the government-wide statement of net position. This includes pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability and other amounts, which are amortized by an actuarial determined period. Secondly, the City has deferred outflows related to Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB), which include contributions subsequent to the measurement date of the Total OPEB liability and other amounts.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two types of items, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Firstly, the City also has deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, which arises only under a full accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, this item (pension related items), is reported only in the government-wide statement of net position. These amounts are amortized by an actuarial determined period. Secondly, the City also has deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, which arise only under a full accrual basis of accounting.

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### k. Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/ deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CaIPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. CaIPERS audited financial statements are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CaIPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov.

GASB 68 requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used.

Valuation Date (VD)June 30, 2018Measurement Date (MD)June 30, 2019Measurement Period (MP)July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019

#### I. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan (OPEB Plan), the assets of which are held by California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT), and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date (VD)	June 30, 2019
Measurement Date (MD)	June 30, 2019
Measurement Period (MP)	July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019

#### m. Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense.

The recognition period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	5 years
All other amounts	Expected average remaining service lifetime (EARL) (8.1 years at July 1, 2018)

#### CITY OF REDONDO BEACH INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2020, cash and investments are as follows:

	Vehicle Replacement	Building Occupancy	Information Technology	Self-Insurance Program	-	nergency munications	Majo	or Facilities Repair	Total
	rtopidoomont	occupancy	roormology	Trogram	0011			Порин	1000
Cash and									
Investments	\$ 8,229,401	\$2,259,422	\$2,339,343	\$ 14,201,733	\$	2,760,112	\$	993,978	\$30,783,989

The Internal Service Funds do not own specifically identifiable securities, and their cash is pooled with the other funds of the City.

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds, except for funds required to be held by fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated on an accounting period basis to the various funds based on the period-end cash and investments balances. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

#### a. Investments

Under the provisions of the City's investment policy, and in accordance with the California Government Code, the following investments are authorized:

- United States Treasury Bills, Notes and Bonds
- Obligations issued by the Federal Government
- Bankers' Acceptances with a maturity of 180 days or less
- Time Certificates of Deposits
- Negotiable Certificates of Deposit
- Commercial Paper with a maturity of 270 days or less
- Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) limited to \$75,000,000 by LAIF
- Medium-Term Notes (5 year maximum) of Domestic Corporations or Depository Institutions
- Mutual Funds
- Guaranteed Investment Contracts not to exceed \$5 million annually
- Certificate of Deposit Placement Services
- Collateralized Bank Deposits
- Supranationals

The City's investment policy applies to all financial assets, investment activities and debt issues of the City (including funds which are invested by trustees appointed under debt trust indentures, with direction from the City Treasurer).

The City is a participant in LAIF, which is an external investment pool regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City's investment with LAIF at June 30, 2020 includes a portion of the pool funds invested in structured notes and asset-backed securities (2.21 %). The City values its investments in LAIF at a fair market value provided by LAIF. At June 30, 2020, the factor used was 1.004912795.

#### CITY OF REDONDO BEACH INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### b. Deposits and Investment Risks

#### Credit Risk

The City's investment policy limits investments in medium-term notes (MTN's) to those rated "A" or higher by Standard and Poor's (S&P) or "A2" or higher by Moody's. As of June 30, 2020, all MTN's were rated "A2" or higher by Moody's. As of June 30, 2020, the City's Federal Agency investments were rated "AA+" by Moody's and "Aaa" by S&P. All securities were investment grade and were in accordance with State and City law. Investments in U.S. government securities are not considered to have credit risk; therefore, their credit quality is not disclosed. As of June 30, 2020, the City's investments in external investment pools are unrated.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name.

The fair value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits. The City may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The City, however, has not waived the collateralization requirements.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy imposes restrictions on the maximum percentage it can invest in a single type of investment. Investments in Federal Agencies have the implied guarantee of the United States government. While all the City's investments are in compliance with the City's investment policy as of June 30, 2020, if a City has invested more than 5% of its total investments in any one issuer, they are exposed to concentration of credit risk. Investments guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds and external investment pools are excluded from this requirement.

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

The City has invested more than 5% of the total investment value with the following issuers:

	Up	to one year	% of Total Investments
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$	8,415,180	8%
Federal Farm Credit Bank		16,551,765	17%
Federal National Mortgage Association		6,065,020	9%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		9,368,670	6%
	\$	40,400,635	40%

#### Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policy limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The City's investment policy states that at least 50% of the City's portfolio shall mature in three years or less; and at least 25% in one year or less. The only exception to these maturity limits shall be the investment of the gross proceeds of tax exempt bonds. The City has elected to use the segmented time distribution method of disclosure for its interest rate risk.

#### Note 3: Receivables

The following is a summary of receivables net of allowances for uncollectible amounts at June 30, 2020:

	Vehicle			
	Replacement		٦	Fotal
Accounts Receivable	\$	41,520	\$	41,520

#### Note 4: Interfund Transactions

#### **Transfers**

The internal service funds did not have any transfers from the City Funds as of June 30, 2020.

#### CITY OF REDONDO BEACH INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 5: Capital Assets

At June 30, 2020, the City's capital assets consisted of the following:

	Balance at June 30, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2020
Non-depreciable assets:					
Construction in progress					
Vehicle Replacement	\$ 454,180	\$-	\$-	\$ (4,180)	\$ 450,000
Major Facilities Repair	722	224,729	-	-	225,451
Self Insurance	45,361	-	-	-	45,361
Total non-depreciable assets	500,263	224,729	-	(4,180)	720,812
Depreciable assets:					
Buildings and improvements					
Building Occupancy	124,678	-	-	-	124,678
Vehicle Replacement	39,953	923,724	-	4,180	967,857
Information Technology	15,272	-	-	-	15,272
Emergency Communications	90,391	-	-	-	90,391
Furniture and equipment	,				,
Building Occupancy	121,809	-	-	-	121,809
Vehicle Replacement	251,807	-	-	-	251,807
Information Technology	1,393,329	169,491	-	-	1,562,820
Emergency Communications	2,795,795	118,000	-	-	2,913,795
Automotive equipment	_,,	,			_,,
Vehicle Replacement	14,451,251	335,767	(914,086)	-	13,872,932
Leased equipment	,	000,101	(011,000)		
Information Technology	1,261,139	279,880	-	-	1,541,019
Infrastructure	1,201,100	270,000		-	1,041,010
Vehicle Replacement	109,199	-	_	-	109,199
Total depreciable assets	20,654,623	1,826,862	(914,086)	4,180	21,571,579
Less accumulated depreciation for:	20,004,020	1,020,002	(314,000)	4,100	21,011,010
Buildings and improvements					
Building Occupancy	45,965	4,410	_	_	50,375
Vehicle Replacement	39,953	3,093	-		43,046
Information Technology	4,243	339	-		4,582
Emergency Communications	46,753	4,675	-	-	4,382 51,428
0,	40,755	4,075	-	-	51,420
Furniture and equipment	18,435	7 240			0E 77E
Building Occupancy Vehicle Replacement	,	7,340	-	-	25,775
	111,154	11,923	-	-	123,077
Information Technology	1,278,976	48,904	-	-	1,327,880
Emergency Communications	906,802	221,623	-	-	1,128,425
Automotive equipment	7 000 000	4 005 070	(004.040)		0 504 040
Vehicle Replacement	7,920,222	1,285,870	(624,249)	-	8,581,843
Leased equipment	054.004	00.000			040 047
Information Technology	854,924	93,293	-	-	948,217
Infrastructure	5 000	0.700			0.440
Vehicle Replacement	5,688	2,730	-		8,418
Total accumulated depreciation	11,233,115	1,684,200	(624,249)	-	12,293,066
Total depreciable assets, net	9,421,508	142,662	(289,837)	4,180	9,278,513
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 9,921,771	\$ 367,391	\$ (289,837)	\$-	\$ 9,999,325

#### Note 5: Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to internal service funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, as follows:

Internal Service Funds:	
Vehicle Replacement	\$ 1,303,616
Building Occupancy	11,750
Information Technology	142,536
Emergency Communications	 226,298
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,684,200

#### Note 6: Compensated Absences Payable

The following is a summary of compensated absences payable transactions for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance Julv 1. 2019	Additions	Balance June 30. 2020	Amounts Due Within One Year	
Internal service funds: Compensated absences payable	\$ 374.581	\$ 195.748		\$ 356.607	\$ 58.483
Compensated absences payable	<del>ک</del> 374,581	\$ 195,748	\$ (ZI3,7ZZ)	\$ 300,007	<del>۵</del> ۵۵,463

#### Note 7: Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts Due	
	July 1, 2019 Additions		Deletions	June 30, 2020	Within One Year	
Information Technology	\$ -	\$279,880	\$ (93,293)	\$ 186,587	\$ 93,293	

#### Capital Leases

The City has entered into various lease purchase agreements for equipment. These leases have been classified as capital leases. The related assets have been capitalized in the internal service funds at the initial present value of the lease payments. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2020, was \$186,587.

The total leased assets by major asset class consisted of the following:

Equipment	
Information Technology	\$ 1,541,019
Equipment under capitalized lease, at cost	1,541,019
Accumulated depreciation	
Information Technology	 (948,217)
Equipment under capitalized lease, net	\$ 592,802

#### CITY OF REDONDO BEACH INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 8: Risk Management

The City is exposed to risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters; and currently reports all of its risk management activities in its Self-Insurance Program Internal Service Fund.

The City has adopted a self-insurance workers' compensation program, which is administered by a third-party agent, AdminSure. The self-insurance coverage for each claim is limited to \$750,000. Excess coverage of up to \$50,000,000 for each claim is provided by the California State Association of Counties – Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC-EIA), an insurance pool, in which a consortium of counties and cities has agreed to share risks and losses. As of June 30, 2020, the estimated claims payable for workers' compensation was \$17,312,132, which included claims incurred but not reported (IBNR). The current year's portion of the claims was \$926,143.

For general liability claims, the City is also self-insured up to \$500,000 for each occurrence. The self-insurance program is administered by a third-party agent, AdminSure. Each claim in excess of the self-insured retention of up to \$30,000,000 is covered by the CSAC-EIA.

As of June 30, 2020, the estimated claims payable for general liability was \$7,369,000, which included IBNR. The current year's portion was \$17,312,132. Governmental activities claims and judgments are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

	Liability on
	June 30, 2020
General Liability	\$ 7,369,000
Workers' Compensation	17,312,132
Total	\$ 24,681,132

Settled claims have not exceeded any of the City's coverage amounts in any of the last three fiscal years and there were no reductions in the City's coverage during the year.

The estimated claims payable for workers' compensation and general liability is based on estimates provided by the third-party administrator, the City Attorney, the Risk Management staff, and the City's actuary.

Changes in the reported liability resulted from the following:

Balance			Balance	Due Within	
June 30, 2019	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2019	One Year	
\$ 25,636,814	\$ 3,781,453	\$ (4,737,135)	\$ 24,681,132	\$ 1,329,877	

#### CITY OF REDONDO BEACH INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 9: Pension Plan

#### Plan Description

The Plans are agent, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). A full description of the pension plans regarding number of employees covered, benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not account purposes), and membership information are listed in the June 30, 2016 Annual Actuarial Valuation Report (funding valuation). Details of the benefits provided can be obtained in Appendix B of the actuarial valuation report. The actuarial valuation report and CalPERS' audited financial statements are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website, at <a href="https://www.calpers.ca.gov">www.calpers.ca.gov</a>.

#### Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

For detailed information on the pension plan refer to the City of Redondo Beach's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

#### Note 10: Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan Description and Eligibility. In addition to the pension benefits described above, the City provides certain health insurance benefits, in accordance with memorandums of understanding, to retired employees through the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) Fund, which is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by CalPERS. The City provides medical insurance for employees in accordance with agreements reached with various bargaining groups. The City shall pay the single retiree medical premium rate, for qualified retirees, for a medical insurance plan in which the retiree is enrolled from among those medical plans provided by the City. These contributions of the City for such medical premiums shall cease on the date the retiree becomes eligible to enroll in the Federal Medicare program and/or any Medicare supplemental plans.

For detailed information on the OPEB plan refer to the City of Redondo Beach's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

#### Note 11: Commitments and Contingencies

- a) Lawsuits The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City's legal counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.
- b) As of June 30, 2020, in the opinion of City management, there were no outstanding matters that would have a significant effect on the financial position of the funds of the City.

### February 16, 2021

### Question:

How is the vehicle replacement schedule financially structured, what is the methodology for replacing City vehicles, and what is the City's current lifecycle policy schedule for vehicle replacement?

## Response:

The Vehicle Replacement Fund (VRF) was established by the City during the 1983-84 Fiscal year. It is a best management practice tool that allows the City to efficiently replace vehicles and equipment. The purpose of the Vehicle and Heavy Equipment Replacement Program is to evaluate, maintain, and replace vehicles and equipment on a schedule that optimizes their usefulness, avoids major repairs and periods of downtime, and captures ongoing technological improvements in vehicle safety, efficiency, and performance. Most Redondo Beach vehicles are replaced every 4 to 13 years, depending on their type and function, at an aggregate cost between \$700,000 and \$1,500,000 each year. The total cost is comprised of multiple funding sources including the General Fund, Sewer Fund, Building Occupancy Fund, Harbor Fund, Vehicle Replacement Fund, among other sources. Each vehicle is assigned for a specific use and charged against the appropriate fund. The vehicle replacement program allows for monies to accrue over time utilizing internal service funds (ISF), which provides greater certainty for budgeting purposes.

With regards to the maintenance and operations component of the fund, each department is charged based on the fuel consumption and labor costs associated with vehicles assigned to the respective departments. The funding mechanism used for the replacement of the vehicles/equipment is through a depreciation formula. First the replacement value is calculated by taking the purchase price of the vehicle, multiplying it by a 3% compounding rate to account for inflation, and then aggregating that compounding amount over the life cycle of the vehicle/equipment. The replacement value is then evenly divided for the duration of the life span of the vehicle/ equipment to calculate the annual amount.

For example:

Vehicle	Purchase Price	Life Span	Replacement Value (3% compounding	Annual Amount
			rate)	
Medium Duty Truck	\$ 50,000	13	\$ 73,862	\$ 5,681.69

It's important to note that the approved budget for FY 2019-20 included extending the life off all vehicles/equipment by 10% due to budgetary constraints. This action added one

year to all vehicles that had a life cycle between five and fourteen years, and it added two years to all vehicles between fifteen and twenty years (see attached life cycle document). Moreover, the budget for FY 2020-21 also included a temporary 50% reduction of annual Vehicle Replacement Fund internal service fund allocations from all funds, to help balance the FY 2020-21 operating Budget. The 50% reduction in annual allocations to the Vehicle Replacement Fund provided a one-time savings to a number of funds totaling \$790,292 and will continue in FY 2021-22 to complete the one-year delay of vehicle life cycles. Given the added life to all vehicles, staff will continue to evaluate individual vehicles/equipment to ensure the replacement cycle is line with optimizing the full life of a vehicle/equipment without excessive maintenance and repair costs.

### Fund Balance

The beginning fund balance of the VRF for FY 2020-21 is approximately \$7 million. It's important to note that the funding for the VRF is comprised of multiple parts including the vehicle replacement/acquisition, vehicle maintenance and operation, sale of fuel, and other miscellaneous revenue. The expenditures of the VRF also are comprised of multiple items including, personnel, maintenance and operations, internal service fund, overhead, and occasionally capital improvement projects. Therefore, depending on the amount of vehicles/equipment that are due for replacement in the given fiscal year, the fund balance can increase or decrease significantly. Given the delay in replacing vehicles over the last couple of Fiscal Years the fund balance has grown over the last few years.

The vehicles/equipment recommended for purchase are always acquired through the City's regular purchasing procedures. The procedures contain a number of competitive purchasing options including the use of a "Piggyback" Bid which is a procedure of procuring goods or services by utilizing another public entity's recent Request for Proposal (RFP) or Request for Bid (RFB), or Sourcewell, formerly known as the National Joint Powers Alliance (NJPA), Contract Cooperative Purchasing Program. Cooperative purchasing programs provide valuable benefits to state and local governments. By attaching to national or regional cooperatives, an agency has immediate access to competitively solicited contracts and guaranteed pricing and delivery options without expending staff resources on the preparation of its own RFB. Pricing is often attractive because of the purchasing power of these cooperatives.

### Zero/Low Emission Vehicles (ZEV/LEV)

In line with Council's direction, as vehicles reach the end of their life cycle and are set to be replaced, staff works towards replacing the vehicles with ZEV or LEV options if fiscally and operationally feasible. Over the last several years the City has added two fully electric vehicles, several hybrid vehicles, and several Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) trucks. Over the last few of years, it has become apparent through legislation and market trends that there is a push to electrify vehicles. For example, our Transit buses will need to be zero emission by 2030 as mandated by the California Air Resources Board (CARB). Moreover, General Motors (GM) recently announced its intent to manufacture only electric

vehicles by 2035. As the City looks to decrease its vehicular carbon footprint, staff continues to look at opportunities to add ZEV or LEV to the City fleet.

Industry standards estimate that CNG vehicles emit 20-30% less CO2 emissions than gasoline or diesel-powered vehicles and up to 90% less NOx emissions. Therefore, while CNG vehicles are not ZEV, staff views CNG trucks as a good intermediate solution until the full conversion to zero emission occurs in the next decade or two. Furthermore, the electrification of vehicles has been concentrated on the light duty/passenger vehicles and the heavy-duty transportation sector. The majority of the City fleet is medium duty trucks and police vehicles, which as of now do not have feasible options. While there continues to be the development of hybrid pursuit rated Police Vehicles there is still not sufficient data on their performance that would allow staff to recommend moving in that direction at this time.

Therefore, while there are opportunities to continue making our fleet "greener", there still exists barriers to theses efforts, such as upfront capital costs and operational needs. Furthermore, the Public Works Department will need to continue plans and discussions to increase the City's electric vehicle charging infrastructure that would allow the City to increase its EV inventory in a more streamlined manner.

### Attachment:

Attachment A – Vehicle Life Cycle

DESCRIPTION	LIFE OF VEHICLE
SMALL PICKUP TRUCK ADMINISTRATIVE SEDAN FD-COMMAND VEHICLE (SUV) PUMPER TRUCK LADDER TRUCK LADDER TRUCK TELESQUIRT AIR/LIGHT AIR/LIGHT AMBULANCE PENYAN FIRE PUMP (BOAT) KUSTOM SIGNAL TRAILER 4 WHEELER (ATV) UNDERCOVER SEDAN 11 PASS.VAN CNG-EQ FULL SIZE PICKUP TRUCK 3/4 -1 TON DIAL SCALE 4-DOOR POLICE PATROL SEDAN CANINE TRAILER STEP VAN (SWAT) POLICE MOTORCYCLE MANLIFT** MEDIUM DUTY TRUCK TRAILER MOUNT GENERATOR TILT TRAILER SEATED MOWER VIDEO VAN STREET SWEEPER STAKE BED TRUCK VACTOR TRUCK INTER SEWER TRUCK UDMP TRUCK CASE ROLLER/TRAILER KNUCKLE BOOM TRACTOR FORKLIFT PAYLOADER 2000 STEAM CLEANER ROLLER 1500 GPM WATER PUMP FELKER SAW COMPRESSOR PIER/HARBOR ELECTRIC UTILITY CART TRAILER STEAM CLEANER SKID STEER PRO SPRAY	$\begin{array}{c} 13\\13\\10\\19\\19\\19\\10\\11\\17\\11\\5\\13\\13\\11\\4\\17\\7\\9\\17\\12\\2\\9\\17\\17\\22\\9\\17\\17\\22\\13\\8\\17\\11\\11\\9\\13\\22\\17\\0\end{array}$
	-

### February 16, 2021

### Question:

What funding is needed to complete the environmental review and analysis necessary to consider implementing the land use and parking changes for the Artesia Aviation Corridors Area Plan (AACAP) and what is the schedule for the various work options?

### Response:

Per the City Council's direction, City staff received proposals from Rincon Consultants, Inc. (environmental consultant) and Fehr & Peers (traffic engineering consultant) for preparation of environmental review documents and parking/traffic analysis to consider implementing the adopted Artesia Aviation Corridors Area Plan (AACAP).

This BRR summarizes the costs for the different components of implementation, including the zoning amendments and two options for parking analysis and provides a timeline for each element of the follow-up work. The total cost for the AACAP work would be \$175,592. The City Council could choose to separately initiate each individual scope at the stated cost. Funding is available in the City's General Plan Maintenance Fund, which has a current balance of approximately \$290,000. As such, no budget appropriation is required to complete the work, just direction to prepare the contracts for consideration of approval at a future City Council meeting.

### Zoning Amendments to Activate the AACAP - \$53,491

Rincon Consultants, Inc. (environmental consultant) submitted a proposal for preparation of an Initial Study-Mitigated Negative Declaration (IS-MND) for the following proposed amendments to the Redondo Beach Zoning Ordinance.

### Scope of Work

- An amendment to "activate" the AACAP and require future development in the AACAP Area to be consistent with the "intent" of the AACAP. It should be noted that actions allowed under the AACAP that may result in environmental impacts include increases in the allowable floor area ratio from 0.5 to 0.6 (FAR), the application of design guidelines, alterations to signage, improvements to walking and biking infrastructure, and the creation of new public spaces.
- An amendment to Section 10-2.621, Additional Land Use Regulations, which applies to the C-2-PD Zone. The amendment would remove the restriction of "Office" uses, including "Medical Office" to only the second floor or on the ground floor to the rear of other permitted retail or services uses in the AACAP area.

### <u>Schedule</u>

The environmental review is estimated to take 4-5 months per the proposal.

Following the completion of the draft zoning ordinance amendments and the associated environmental review process, the public hearing process before the Planning Commission and ultimately the City Council would commence. The public hearing process is estimated to take approximately 3-4 months.

The estimated total time for completion of the zoning amendments would be approximately 9 months.

### <u>Cost</u>

Per the proposal, the amendments would likely require the preparation of an Initial Study-Mitigated Negative Declaration (IS-MD), for a total cost of \$53,491.

### Full Parking Implementation Study - \$122,101

Rincon Consultants, Inc. (environmental consultant) and Fehr & Peers (traffic engineering consultant) prepared proposals for a "Parking Implementation Study" and the required CEQA environmental document (Initial Study-Mitigated Negative Declaration (IS-MND)).

### Scope of Work-Parking Implementation Study with CEQA

• Shared Parking Model Update/Recalibration

As part of the AACAP update, F&P conducted inventory and occupancy counts of existing parking throughout the Corridor Area Plan. They collected new counts of existing onstreet and off-street parking supply and utilization during one weekday and one weekend midday peak period. Using parcel data provided by the city and the existing parking utilization data, coupled with the Urban Land Institute's (ULI) recently updated (2020) Shared Parking manual, F&P would calibrate an existing conditions shared parking model, to be used to estimate future parking demand.

• Estimate Future Parking Demand, Parking Ratios, & Supply Changes to Determine Sufficient Parking or Shortfall

The shared parking models would be used to estimate the parking demand effects of the land use changes associated with the AACAP, considering a reasonable expectation for use of transportation network companies (TNCs) and autonomous vehicles (AVs) that will likely lower the parking demand. These factors could be considered to propose modified parking ratios for land uses within the AACAP.

• Parking Management Strategies, Implementation, and Siting Recommendations for Public Parking

If estimated future demand exceeds supply for any parking scenarios within the AACAP area, the study would make recommendations for the best parcel within sub areas to

accommodate new parking supply, based on parcel size, shape, and access, as well as the importance of the pedestrian network and walkability to and from new parking supply.

In addition to potential opportunities to increase parking supply through infrastructure development, F&P would identify policy and management recommendations that consider weekday, weekend, daytime, nighttime, and seasonal demand patterns, as well as management of the parking supply through time limits and long-term/short-term controls.

Policies for administering a district parking strategy, such as a framework for evaluating the need for and implementation of parking supply as demand increases in the future, as well as funding strategies, such as in-lieu fees would be summarized in the Study as well.

F&P would also evaluate best practices in other nearby coastal cities with similar parking management goals intended to balance future land use impacts with projected parking demand. This analysis would identify parking and land use ratios adopted by nearby cities in areas similar to the Aviation Artesia Corridor (like Long Beach's 2nd Street corridor) and explore the successes and/or shortfalls of curb space management tactics such as pricing.

• Recommended Amendment to the City's Existing Parking Regulations

F&P would also identify "flexible" parking standards/regulations that could support addressing the increased development of the preferred uses, namely restaurants and in some cases medical office (higher parking rate than professional office).

• Parking Implementation Plan Report & Public Meetings

F&P would prepare a draft and final parking implementation plan report. Given the potential interest level and potential for controversy, F&P is including four public hearings/workshops over the course of the parking implementation plan development process.

### <u>Schedule</u>

The Parking Implementation Study with associated environmental review process could be completed in approximately 8 months, following contract funding and execution.

Following the completion of the Parking Implementation Study a likely next step would be the implementation of amendments to the City's parking regulations within the AACAP area. The Zoning Ordinance amendments to the City's parking regulations are expected to take approximately 4 months. The anticipated timelines for other determined recommendations resulting from the Parking Implementation Study would vary depending upon City Council priorities and funding.

The estimated total time to complete the Parking Implementation Study and implement recommended amendments to the City's parking regulations, inclusive of the required environmental review process, would be approximately 1 year.

## <u>Cost</u>

Per the attached proposal, completion of the Parking Implementation Study and associated environmental review and CEQA documentation will be \$122,101.

## Reduced Parking Implementation Study - \$84,065

Rincon Consultants, Inc. (environmental consultant) and Fehr & Peers (traffic engineering consultant) prepared proposals for a reduced scope focusing only on updating the current parking regulations and associate environmental review. The timeframe to begin implementing parking changes would be reduced from 1 year down to 9 months.

## Scope of Work

• Estimate Existing Residual Parking Capacity & Parking Management Triggers

As part of the AACAP update, Fehr & Peers conducted inventory and occupancy counts of existing parking throughout the Corridor Area Plan. We collected new counts of existing on-street and off-street parking supply and utilization during one weekday and one weekend midday peak period, which identified available parking supply. Using parcel data provided by the city and the existing parking utilization data, we calibrated an existing conditions shared parking model, to be used to estimate future parking demand.

Due to existing available parking in the AACAP, there is the capacity to increase land intensity without necessarily increasing the parking supply. Using parking demand ratios from the Urban Land Institute (ULI) Shared Parking, Third Edition (2020) manual, Fehr & Peers will estimate the residual capacity for land use growth for a range of different uses, targeting an overall parking occupancy percentage of 85% in the corridor as an effective capacity. This will provide the City with information for how much organic land use growth could occur on the corridor before the need to implement parking management strategies and/or parking supply increases.

• Parking Management Strategies & Recommended Amendment to the City's Existing Parking Regulations

Fehr & Peers will evaluate best practices in other nearby coastal cities with similar parking management goals intended to balance future land use impacts with projected parking demand. This analysis would identify parking and land use ratios adopted by nearby cities in areas similar to the Aviation Artesia Corridor (like Long Beach's 2nd Street corridor) and explore the successes and/or shortfalls of curbspace management tactics such as pricing. Policy and management recommendations that consider weekday, weekend, daytime, nighttime, and seasonal demand patterns, as well as management of the parking supply through time limits and long-term/short-term controls.

Policies for administering a district parking strategy, such as a framework for evaluating the need for and implementation of parking supply as demand increases in the future, as well as funding strategies, such as in-lieu fees would be summarized as well. Fehr & Peers will identify "flexible" parking standards/regulations that could support addressing the increased development of the preferred uses, namely restaurants and in some cases medical office (higher parking rate than professional office).

• Parking Implementation Plan Report & Public Meetings

Fehr & Peers will prepare a concise draft and final parking implementation plan report. Fehr & Peers is including three public hearings / workshops over the course of the parking implementation plan.

## <u>Schedule</u>

The reduced Parking Implementation Study with associated environmental review process could be completed in approximately 6 months, following contract funding and execution.

Following the completion of the study and environmental review, the amendments to the City's parking regulations within the AACAP area would be expected to take approximately 3 months.

The estimated total time to complete the reduced Parking Implementation Study and recommended amendments to the City's parking regulations, inclusive of the required environmental review process, would be approximately 9 months.

### <u>Cost</u>

Per the attached proposal, completion of the reduced Parking Implementation Study and associated environmental review and CEQA documentation would be \$84,065.

## <u>Summary</u>

No budget appropriation is required at this time, only direction regarding the scope of AACAP follow-up work. Should the City Council decide to pursue implementation of the entire scope of work described above, a withdrawal from the General Plan Maintenance Fund of \$175,592 would occur when the consultant services agreements are ultimately executed.

Alternatives to implementing the full scope of work include 1) just revising the office regulations at this time (to be completed in house with expected CEQA exemption) at no contract expense by utilizing only Planning Division staff to complete the amendments; 2) only conducting the full zoning amendment work at a cost of \$53,491; 3) completing the zoning amendment work and the reduced parking study for a cost of \$137,556; or 4) completing only the reduced parking amendments for a cost of \$84,065.

Lastly, there will be some additional cost for legal review of the environmental documents by the City's CEQA legal consulting firm, coordinated with the City Attorney's office. This

amount will be determined based on the options City Council wishes to pursue. A cost quote would be solicited from the legal consultant, and incorporated as part of the City Council's contract approval for the environmental review consulting services agreement. Funding for legal expenses associated with environmental review could also be paid for out of the General Plan Maintenance Fund.

### February 16, 2021

### **Question:**

What conceptual design options and construction cost estimates were developed for possible renovation of the Police Department's Lobby and Records Unit area?

### Response:

An agreement between Gillis & Panichapan Architects, Inc. (GPA) was approved by the Redondo Beach City Council on January 21, 2020. GPA was tasked with providing consulting services and two conceptual designs, along with cost estimates, for upgrades to the Police Department's Lobby and Record's Unit. The Police Department Lobby and Records Unit is antiquated and significantly inadequate for the current operations of the Police Department. The current structure and design of the Lobby and Records Unit significantly lacks contemporary security features for employees and does not properly address community access needs.

GPA provided two conceptual designs for the upgrades to the Police Department Lobby and Records Unit to meet existing requirements and to equip the Police Department for community access in the coming years. Additionally, incorporated in this report are the estimated Public Works Department costs associated with design, management and abatement on the renovations. The scope of work from the Public Works Department is anticipated to include floor plan modifications, window and door systems, finishes and furnishings, a publicly accessible restroom, HVAC improvements, lighting improvements, civil site improvements, hazardous materials abatement, in house project and construction management and acquisition of temporary facilities for impacted employees.

Conceptual Option #1 utilizes the existing foot print of the Lobby and Records Unit area and does not add any additional square footage to the building. Option #1 rearranges the Records Unit and Police Department Lobby to allow for a more functional work space, efficient interior access, improved security features, additional storage and meeting space. It provides a limited upgrade for community access to the public area, including an ADA compliant restroom. The cost as enumerated in the Conceptual Design Statement of Probable Cost provided by Gillis & Panichapan Architects, Inc. is \$860,000. The total cost for conceptual design #1, including Public Works estimated costs, is \$1,460,000.

Conceptual Option #2 adds approximately 600 square feet onto the Police Department building along the east portion of the Lobby and Records Unit, increasing the function and useable space for the public and employees. The area is currently unused space bordered by a 4-foot stucco wall where Police Department K9 plaques are mounted. Options #2, additionally, rearranges the Records Unit and Police Department Lobby to allow for a more functional work space, efficient interior access to the Records Unit, improved security features, additional and larger records storage area, a meeting space and both public and employee ADA accessible restrooms. The cost as enumerated in the Conceptual Design Statement of Probable Cost provided by GPA Inc. is \$1,180,000. The total cost for conceptual design #2, including Public Works estimated costs are \$1,820,000.

Both designs change the location of the entry point of the Police Department and are compliant with Americans With Disabilities Act. Additionally, the designs provide a clean updated look to the front of the Police Department building. Conceptual renderings of each option are provided as attachments to this report. The scope of work and cost summaries for each option are provided in the table below.

### PD Lobby and Record Unit Upgrade - Conceptual Plan Options - Budget Level Cost Estimate Monday, March 16, 2020

Scope of Work	Remodeling of PD Records Room and Lobby space to provide ADA compliant restroom, more efficient workspace, new lobby entrance and conference room,

- Option 1 Provides for remodel in existing building envelope
- **Option 2** Provides for remodel in expanded building envelope

Cost Category Item	Option 1	Option 2	
Building Improvements/Furnishings <sup>1</sup>	\$ 830,000	\$ 1,145,000	
Civil Site Improvements	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	
Haz Mat Abatement Allowance <sup>1</sup>	\$ 30,000	\$ 35,000	
Construction Subtotal	\$ 1,010,000	\$ 1,330,000	
Design Services	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	
In House Project Mgmt	\$ 75,000	\$ 95,000	
Construction Mgmt	\$ 75,000	\$ 95,000	
Staff Relo / Temp Facilities	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	
Soft Costs Subtotal	\$ 450,000	\$ 490,000	
Project Total	\$ 1,460,000	\$ 1,820,000	

Notes <sup>1</sup> Provided by GP Architects

• Budget cost level estimates provided by Public Works Department.

## ATTACHMENT:

Attachment A - Architectural Renderings of Option1 and Option 2





**OPTION 1** 

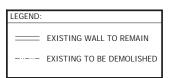


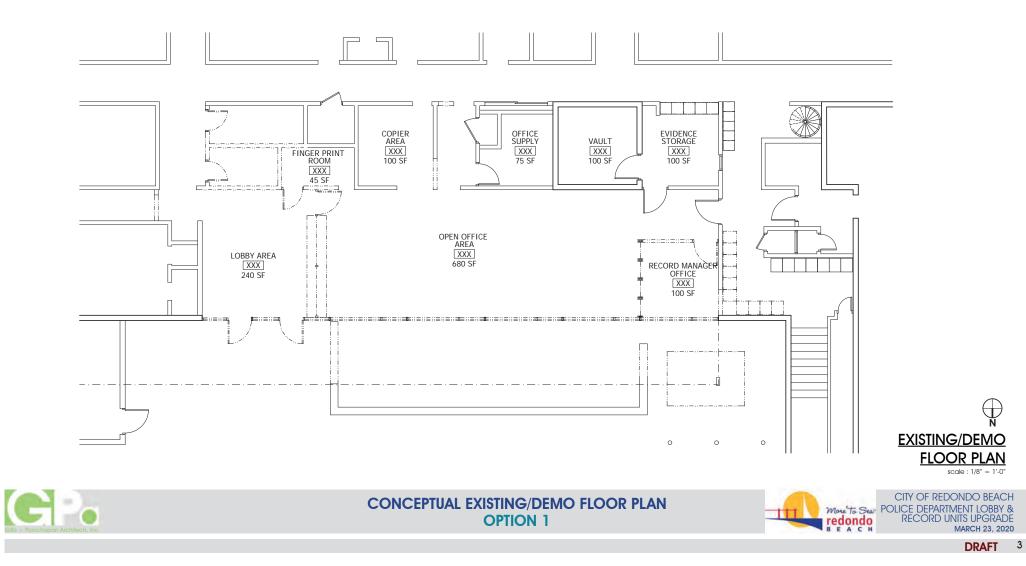
CONCEPTUAL PACKAGE

CITY OF REDONDO BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT LOBBY & RECORD UNITS UPGRADE MARCH 23, 2020

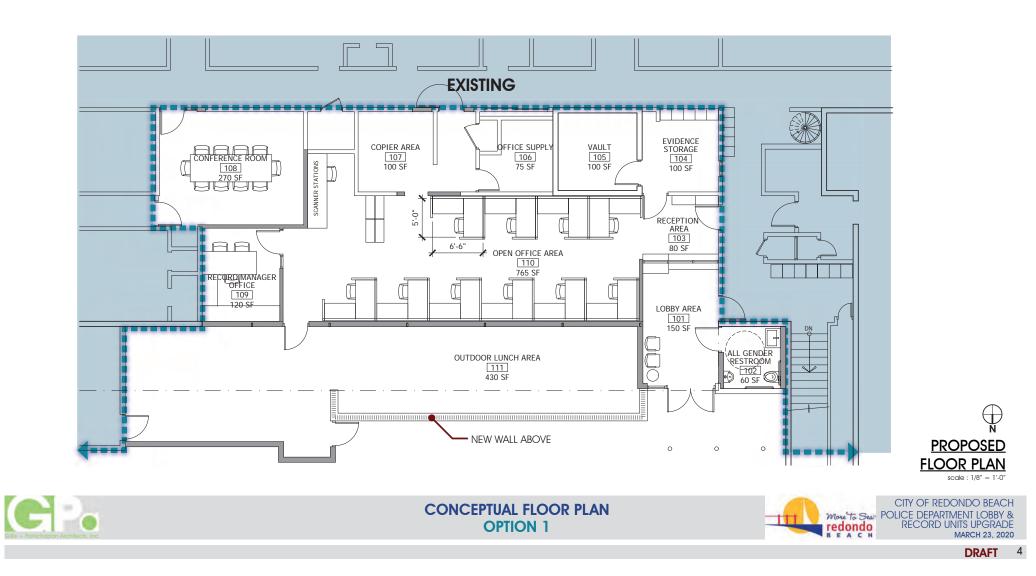
DRAFT 2

BRR# 4A Page 2 of 14











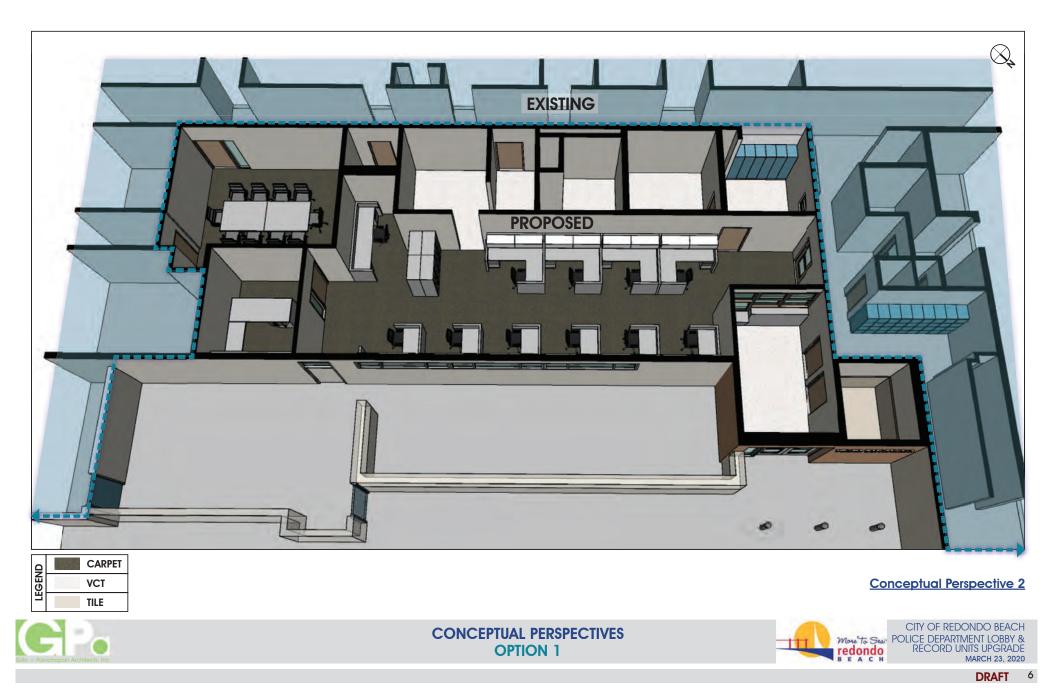
### **Conceptual Perspective 1**

DRAFT 5













CONCEPTUAL PERSPECTIVES OPTION 1 More To Star redondo B E A C H CITY OF REDONDO BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT LOBBY & RECORD UNITS UPGRADE MARCH 23, 2020

DRAFT 7

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**OPTION 2** 

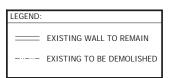


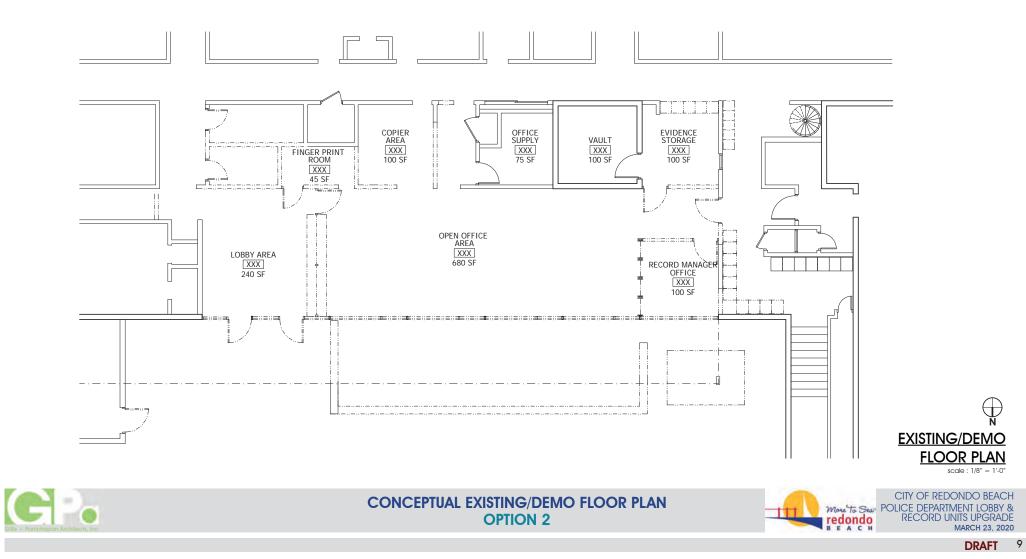
CONCEPTUAL PACKAGE

CITY OF REDONDO BEACH POLICE DEPARTMENT LOBBY & RECORD UNITS UPGRADE MARCH 23, 2020

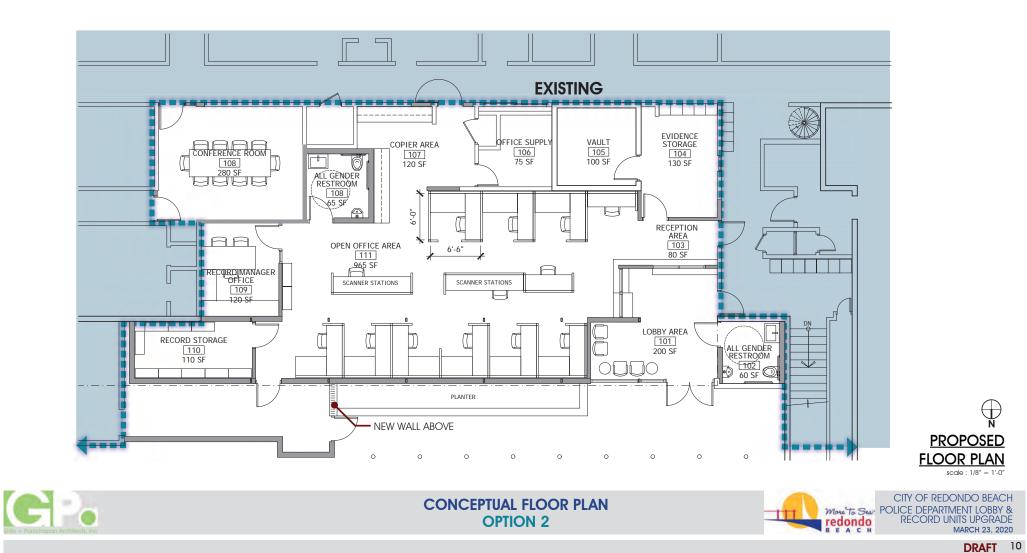
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BRR# 4A Page 8 of 14







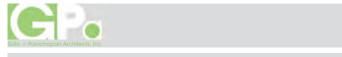


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### **Conceptual Perspective 1**







CONCEPTUAL PERSPECTIVES OPTION 2

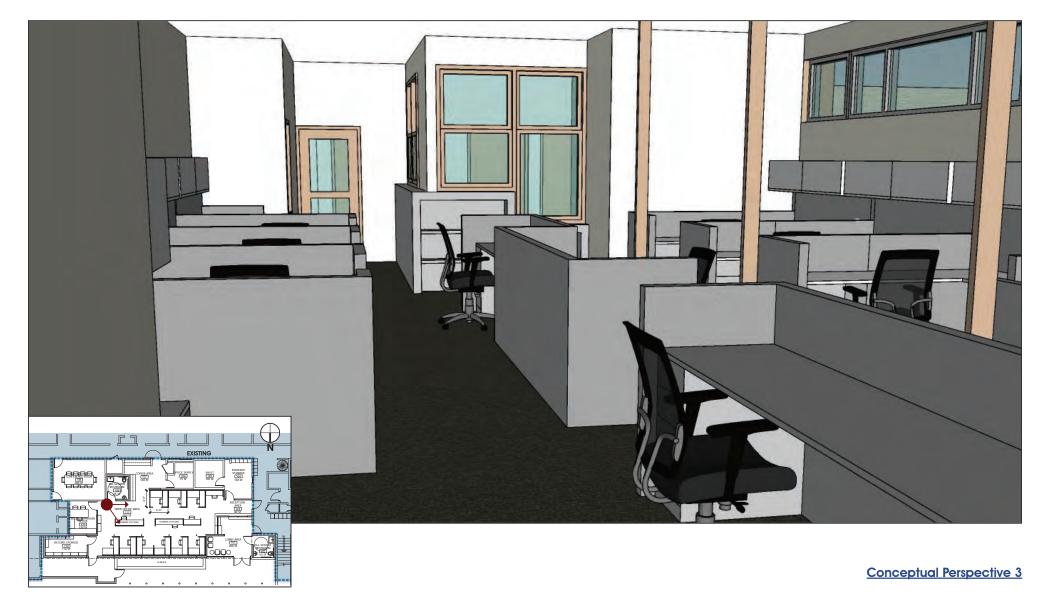


**Conceptual Perspective 2** 



TILE







CONCEPTUAL PERSPECTIVES OPTION 2



DRAFT<sup>13</sup>

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CARPET SELECTION



SHAW CARPET TILE 34761- PORTABELLA- PORTAL TILE



SHAW CARPET TILE 34761- PORTABELLA- PORTAL TILE

RUBBER BASE



BURKE- 4" RUBBER BASE #523 BLACK-BROWN (COVED)



DE6226 FOGGY DAY- LRV 71

PAINT SELECTION 2



DUNN EDWARDS DE6241 LUNAR LANDING LRV 58

PAINT SELECTION 3



DUNN EDWARDS DE6192 NOMADIC TAUPE LRV 53



DALTILE FLOOR TILE KEYSTONES- URBAN PUTTY

**TILE SELECTION 2** 



DALTILE WALL TILE- ACCENT KEYSTONES- ELEMENTAL TAN

TILE SELECTION 3



DALTILE WALL TILE GLAZED PORCELAIN- VOLUME 1.0- REVERB ASH VL74

STUCCO SELECTION 1



OMEGA STUCCO 432 MILKY QUARTZ

**STUCCO SELECTION 2** 



OMEGA STUCCO 415 ONIONSKIN TAN





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### February 16, 2021

### **Question:**

What would be the cost to replace the existing lighting along the beachfront pedestrian walkway between Veterans Park and Knob Hill Avenue?

## Response:

The beachfront pedestrian walkway located west of the Esplanade properties between Veterans Park and Knob Hill Avenue contains lighting that has reached the end of its useful life and needs to be replaced. A project to replace the 35 lights would include the following:

- New solar light fixtures
- New poles
- Replacement of the light pole foundations
- Project design, installation and inspection

The estimated cost to implement the replacement project is approximately \$200,000, including a 25% contingency.

It should be noted that the Public Works Department intends to replace a single light, pole and foundation using a contemporary solar light fixture at the end of the beach bluff path near Knob Hill as a pilot project. Costs for the pilot project will be covered by the department's existing maintenance and operating budget. A larger project to replace the remaining beach bluff lights will be considered as part of the annual Capital Improvement Program budgeting process.

### February 16, 2021

### **Question:**

What is the feasibility of the City issuing bonds for pavement rehabilitation to gain the benefit of current construction costs?

### Response:

STEP 1: Determine the Bonding Amount

The first step to determine the feasibility of issuing bonds to fund the City's pavement rehabilitation work is to obtain the cost for construction of all the streets that require rehabilitation and then determine how much, if any, of that amount should be covered by bond financing.

Nichol's Consulting Engineers (NCE), the City's consultant that updated the Pavement Management Report in 2020, has experience in analyzing the City's pavement network and, if desired, could determine the cost of construction to complete all streets. The estimated cost for the analysis needed to determine the full estimated cost of street reconstruction is \$34,000.

STEP 2: Determine the Financing Options

The City is currently exploring bond financing options to help reduce long term pension costs. The outcome of this exploration could have an impact on the City's bond rating and would likely alter the pros and cons of subsequent construction bond financing. That said, the City could propose a General Obligation Bond Measure which would be subject to a two-thirds voter approval of a special tax which would not require collateral. Additionally, the City could utilize sales tax revenue bonds or certificates of participation (COP) backed by Metro Local Return Funding: Proposition C, Measure M and Measure R, specifically.

A formal review of these options would require assistance from a finance consulting firm. The estimated cost to determine the City's construction bond financing options will need to be determined.

### February 16, 2021

### Question:

What is the net amount of each department's midyear personnel adjustments recommended in Decision Package #2 and to what can they be attributed?

### Response:

Attached are each department's midyear personnel adjustments recommended in Decision Package #2.

### Attachment:

Attachment A – Personnel Adjustments

#### **GENERAL FUND**

		Vacation	Health Insurance	Position	
	Vacancy Savings	Cashouts	Cash in Lieu	Restoration	Total
Mayor/City Council	-	-	1,440	-	1,440
City Clerk	-	1,446	-	-	1,446
City Treasurer	-	(516)	-	-	(516)
City Attorney	-	7,995	4,523	-	12,518
City Manager	-	-	-	-	-
Information Technology	-	-	-	-	-
Human Resources	-	527	-	-	527
Financial Services	-	6,048	3,701	40,976	50,725
Police	(100,000)	65,537	4,105	-	(30,358)
Fire	(500,000)	66,620	2,261	-	(431,119)
Public Library	(370,750)	42	821	-	(369,887)
Community Services	(408,027)	2,469	-	-	(405,558)
Community Development	-	3,478	3,285	-	6,763
Waterfront and Economic Development	-	1,463	-	-	1,463
Public Works	-	13,028	7,605	-	20,633
Totals	(1,378,777)	168,137	27,741	40,976	(1,141,923)

#### **OTHER FUNDS**

		Vacation	Health Insurance	Position	
	Vacancy Savings	Cashouts	Cash in Lieu	Restoration	Total
Mayor/City Council	-	-	-	-	-
City Clerk	-	-	-	-	-
City Treasurer	-	-	-	-	-
City Attorney	-	-	-	-	-
City Manager	-	-	-	-	-
Information Technology	-	2,495	3,904	-	6,399
Human Resources	-	1,229	-	-	1,229
Financial Services	-	-	-	-	-
Police	-	10,087	-	-	10,087
Fire	(172,287)	4,688	-	-	(167,599)
Public Library	-	-	-	-	-
Community Services	(86,755)	3,735	-	-	(83,020)
Community Development	-	-	-	-	-
Waterfront and Economic Development	(44,670)	7,458	-	-	(37,212)
Public Works	-	17,164	3,489	-	20,653
Totals	(303,712)	46,856	7,393	-	(249,463)

#### ALL FUNDS

		Vacation	Health Insurance	Position	
	Vacancy Savings	Cashouts	Cash in Lieu	Restoration	Total
Mayor/City Council	-	-	1,440	-	1,440
City Clerk	-	1,446	-	-	1,446
City Treasurer	-	(516)	-	-	(516)
City Attorney	-	7,995	4,523	-	12,518
City Manager	-	-	-	-	-
Information Technology	-	2,495	3,904	-	6,399
Human Resources	-	1,756	-	-	1,756
Financial Services	-	6,048	3,701	40,976	50,725
Police	(100,000)	75,624	4,105	-	(20,271)
Fire	(672,287)	71,308	2,261	-	(598,718)
Public Library	(370,750)	42	821	-	(369,887)
Community Services	(494,782)	6,204	-	-	(488,578)
Community Development	-	3,478	3,285	-	6,763
Waterfront and Economic Development	(44,670)	8,921	-	-	(35,749)
Public Works	-	30,192	11,094	-	41,286
Totals	(1,682,489)	214,993	35,134	40,976	(1,391,386)